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THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXI.--NO. 150. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1898. WHOLE NO. 9,540

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

A bill passed the Senate yesterday to establish a light-house at the pitch of Cape Fear river, near Wilmington, N. C., at a cost not to exceed $70,000; bill providing for a national system of quarantine was discussed. —— The Postoffice bill was debated in the House of Representatives. —— President McKinley has been invited to attend the Mecklenburg celebration in Charlotte May 20th. —— The War Department is disappointed at failure of contractors to construct fortifications along the coast on time. —— The general opinion of members of McKinley's cabinet is that report of the Maine Court of Inquiry will be received during the present week. —— The Government is on the look-out for more battleships with special eye to the purchase of two ships under construction for Chili and Argentina. —— The Naval Committee of the House has agreed to provide for the construction of five dry docks. —— Spain has not yet purchased the Chilian warship O'Higgins, and the indications are that she will ultimately be added to the U. S. navy. —— No indication has been received at the State Department of the intention of European Governments, at the instigation of Austria, to intervene between the United States and Spain. —— The Spanish torpedo flotilla which sailed from Cadiz Sunday is destined for Havana; a second flotilla will soon start for Cuban waters. —— A large order for projectiles for the Spanish Government has been filled at Birmingham, England. —— New York markets: Money on call was steady at 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2 per cent.; cotton was quiet—middling 6⅛c; flour was inactive but ruled fairly steady; wheat—spot easy; No. 2 red $1.04⅝; corn, spot easy; No. 2, 37⅛c.; rosin steady; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, D. C., March 15.

Temperature: 8 A. M., 53 deg.; 8 P. M., 59 deg.; maximum, 63 deg.; minimum, 52 deg.; mean, 58 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .99.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Cloudy and unsettled weather, with scattered showers, continues over Northern Georgia and thence Northeastward along the Atlantic coast States to New York. It is also cloudy on the West Gulf coast and in the Lake region. Elsewhere clear weather prevails. The barometer is lowest this evening over Western Lake Superior and remains highest in the Atlantic coast States. The temperature has fallen slightly during the past twenty-four hours in the interior of North Carolina and thence along the coast to Massachusetts, and has risen generally elsewhere.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. 5.1 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair preceded by showers; easterly winds becoming southerly.

Port Almanac—March 16.

Sun Rises	6.11 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.08 P. M.
Day's Length	11 H. 57 M.
High Water at Southport	2.37 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	5.07 P. M.

The Kentucky toll gate demolishers have caught on to the dynamite idea and are blowing up some of the road beds. That looks like running the thing into the ground.

A hustling Kentucky woman who has written a book booms it by offering a kiss to each purchaser. But how is the fellow who orders by mail to get his kiss from this female?

A Texas Judge has just decided that a debt paid, during the war, in Confederate money to the State, does not cancel the debt. This looks like a chance to open up some law business in Texas.

An electric railway will soon be in operation between Chicago and Green Bay, Wis., a distance of 201 miles. It will compete with a steam road and will carry passengers for about half the fare now charged.

A writer on the morphine habit says it is more prevalent in Germany, France and the United States than in any other country. The somewhat remarkable statement is made that doctors are more abdicted to the habit than men of any other calling.

An Ohio man who was run over by a $65 heifer sued its owner for $5,000 damages and got $125. This hurt him worse than the run over, which hurt his feelings, for the average Ohio man doesn't like to be run over by anything smaller than a locomotive.

We are told by a German military man that if all the armies of Europe were strung out in marching style, with guns, ammunition and baggage wagons, the column would cover more than 24,000 miles in length, and it would take it over a year, marching day and night, to pass a given point.

The Chicago man who organized a company, bought and removed to Chicago Libby Prison, as a speculative show, slipped up, and is now trying to organize a company in Richmond to ship it back. We are glad he failed in the first and hope will fail in the second. It was a sordid, mean idea in the first place which should never have received any countenance.

Among the products of Nebraska one of the exhibits, of which it is very proud, at the exposition will be a car load of cancelled mortgages. Heretofore the crop of these has been very small. As a companion exhibit they might get up something to show the size of the growing crop of mortgages which may be harvested later.

According to the Statistician of the U. S. Agricultural Department the farmers of this country have still on hand of last crop, 121,000,000 bushels of wheat, 783,000,000 bushels of corn and 272,000,000 bushels of oats. They raised a good many mortgages but have a good many bushels still on their hands.

If there should be a racket with Spain won't those Spanish privateers they are talking about turning loose to prey upon American commerce have a big disgust when they have scooted around for some time and failed to catch sight of an American flag on a merchant vessel?

A New Jersey Justice has decided that a woman has a right to wear trousers if she wishes. A good many of them do without inquiring about their right to do it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hibernians—Notice.
J. H. Newbury—Fruits.
Sam'l Bear, Sr.—At close prices.
Palace Bakery—Florida oranges.
J. C. Niemyer.—Administr's notice.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. E. T. Pullen, of Magnolia, is at the Orton.

— Mr. N. J. Lyon, of Lyon's Landing, is here.

— Mr. J. H. Newbury, of Magnolia, is in the city on business.

— Mr. Jno. W. Dowless, of Westbrook, spent yesterday in the city.

— Mr. J. L. Sheek, of Mocksville, arrrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. M. McKinnon, of Red Springs, was a visitor in Wilmington yesterday.

— Dr. W. M. Huston and little daughter, of Philadelphia, are guests at the Orton.

— The STAR had a pleasant call yesterday from Mr. J. L. McDonald, of Wade, N. C.

— Mr. Herbert Lutterloh, who has many friends here, is reported quite sick at his home in Fayetteville.

— Mrs. H. L. Fennell and children left yesterday morning to spend some time visiting relatives at Greenville.

— Mr. J. H. Rehder has gone North to buy Spring stock. Mrs. J. H. Rehder has gone to Halifax, Nova Scotia, to spend some time.

Death of Mrs. A. David.

Mrs. A. David, wife of Wilmington's well known clothing merchant, died suddenly of heart trouble, at 11.50 o'clock last night at the David residence, No. 919 Market street.

Mrs. David's health has been bad at intervals for some time; but her death last night was entirely unexpected. She was out driving for some time yesterday afternoon, The STAR tenders sincere condolence to the bereaved husband and children. The funeral announcement will be made in Thursday's STAR.

Odd Fellows' Orphan Home.

Mr. N. Jacobi returned from Goldsboro yesterday morning, where he went to attend a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Odd Fellows' Orphan Home. The board was in session until 1 o'clock yesterday morning. Mr. Coble, of Raleigh, was chosen superintendent; Mrs. Royal, of Clinton, matron; and Mrs. Davis, of Goldsboro, seamstress.

Board of Audit and Finance.

The Board of Audit and Finance transacted but little business yesterday afternoon at its regular semi-monthly meeting. After auditing and approving bills for current expenses footing up $356.90, an adjournment was taken subject to the call of the chairman. Those present were H. C. McQueen, chairman; C. W. Yates, S. P. McNair, and J. H. Webber.

St. Patrick's Day.

Attention is called to the ad. of Mr. Wm. Flanagan, secretary, notifying members of the Hibernian Society to appear at their hall Thursday morning, March 17th, St. Patrick's Day, at 9 o'clock for the purpose of attending divine services at St. Thomas' pro cathedral. On return to the hall the annual meeting will take place.

Funeral This Morning.

The STAR notes with sorrow the death of the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Northrop yesterday morning at 3.40 o'clock. The funeral will take place at 11.30 o'clock this morning from the residence, No. 11 South Eighth street.

LOCAL DOTS.

— A license for the marriage of a colored couple, Jno. Corbett to Mary Stephens, was issued by the Register of Deeds yesterday.

— It is probable that the first degree of Odd Fellowship will be administered to a candidate during a meeting of Wilmington Lodge No. 139 to-night.

— Preparations in progress for the meeting of Grace Epworth League Thursday night, give abundant assurance of a highly interesting and profitable occasion.

— At the Custom House yesterday there were several applicants for a place in the navy. They were disappointed on being told that there is no recruiting station here.

— City prisoners were made to scour the floor of the Mayor's court room yesterday. They also did some much needed renevating in the hallway and other apartments.

— It will be of interest to the Odd Fellows of Wilmington to know that three members of the brotherhood lost their lives in the *Maine* disaster in the harbor of Havana, and that one other sustained serious injuries.

— The Norfolk *Virginian* of yesterday says: "Seven cars, gaily decorated with Stars and Stripes, are waiting in the Coast Line's yards at Pinner's Point to convey three hundred soldiers who will arrive to-day, to Key West."

— Mr. J. H. Newbury, of Magnolia, was a welcome caller at this office yesterday. Attention is called to the advertisement of a well known produce commission house, of Buffalo, N. Y., of which Mr. Newbury is State agent.

— Justice Bunting yesterday dismissed a case against Lizzie Claw for receiving stolen property. He found "no probable cause." She was accused of receiving goods stolen from the Wilmington & Seacoast depot by Tom Brown.

— There were two cases entered upon the Mayor's court docket yesterday. Becky Green, colored, was given 15 days in the workhouse for disorderly conduct. Leslie Godwin submitted to the charge of drunkenness and disorderly conduct and paid the costs.

They Can't Shell Us.

An apprehension is felt in Wilmington that if there should be war with Spain a war vessel might approach Wrightsville Beach sufficiently near to throw shells into the city. This fear may be dismissed without serious thought. The extreme range of the best guns in the Spanish navy, as stated on high authority, is eight miles, and any ship carrying these guns would draw too much water to justify her commander in coming within two miles of Wrightsville Beach. In other words, it seems certain that no Spanish war ship of the first class can come nearer Wilmington than ten to eleven miles, and this would place us entirely beyond the range of her guns.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—208 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—86 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 102 bbls rosin, 68 bbls tar.

Carolina Central Railroad—2 bales cotton, 20 casks spirits turpentine, 53 bbls rosin, 40 bbls tar, 18 bbls crude turpentine.

C. F. & Y. V. Railroad—7 casks spirits turpentine, 313 bbls rosin, 48 bbls tar.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—6 bales cotton, 81 casks spirits turpentine.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—213 bbls rosin, 75 bbls tar.

Total—Cotton, 302 bales; spirits turpentine, 112 casks; rosin, 681 bbls; tar, 231 bbls; crude turpentine, 18 bbls.

GEORGE KENNAN.

One of the Most Famous Lecturers to Appear Before the Lyceum.

George Kennan, the famous lecturer, will appear at the Y. M. C. A. Monday night, March 28th, under the auspices of the Wilmington Lyceum. The New Orleans *Times-Democrat* well says of Mr. Kennan:

"It is almost idle to tell who Mr Kennan is. The tales of his travels have been spread broadcast. The story of his three years in the wilds of Siberia that he might study the daily doings of the victims of a living death, who are incarcerated there, and the risks that he took in penetrating the official veil hiding them from humanity, is world-wide."

Charges Withdrawn.

Complaint which was made at police headquarters Monday evening by Mesdames Sallie Godwin and Kate Memory against policeman W. P. Toomer, colored, was withdrawn yesterday, and it appears that the officer only did his duty. The occasion of the complaint was his arrest of Leslie Godwin, as reported in yesterday's STAR.

The mother and daughter of Godwin complained that Toomer treated them violently while arresting the young man. They retracted the charge and Officer Toomer is exonerated.

Arrested for Wife Beating.

Walter Branch, a white man, was arrested last night by Sergeant Thos. Lossen and Officer David Bryant, colored, for beating his wife. He was placed in jail and will be tried before Mayor Wright at noon to-day. The officers, who were in the vicinity of Branch's house, corner of Third and Wright streets, were called in and found the man in the act of striking his wife with his fists.

TARIFF ASSOCIATION.

Mr. James Kyle of Fayetteville Elected Manager by Unanimous Vote.

WILL OPEN OFFICE AT ONCE.

Charter and By-laws Approved and Adopted—Board of Directors Elected Salary of Manager Fixed at $1800 Per Annum.

The Wilmington Tariff Association met yesterday at 3.30 P. M. in adjourned session, the first part of the meeting having been held Tuesday March 8. As practically the same questions were discussed at both meetings they will be recorted as one.

Mr. J. Allen Taylor, the President, and Mr. Marcus W. Jacobi, the Secretary, were both present. The charter as received from the Secretary of State together with the by laws was read before the Association and on motion adopted.

On motion of Col. H. M. Drane, the association as chartered, assumed as its own, adopted, ratified and confirmed all things done, elections held, resolutions passed, all in full force and binding as if passed by the body after having received the charter.

A resolution introduced by Mr. R. W. Hicks provided for the appointment of eleven members to constitute with the four officers of the association a board of directors. Messrs. R. W. Hicks, Geo. R. French and D. M. Williams were named as a committee to nominate the directors. Upon the committee's report, the following were elected directors: J. Allen Taylor, president; D. L. Gore, vice president; M. W. Jacobi, secretary; C. W. Worth, treasurer; C. E. Borden, W. A. Johnson, Hugh MacRae, W. E. Springer, J. A. Arringdale, G. J. Boney, E. J. Powers, G. C. Jones, Roger Moore, Chas. J. Mitchell and R. R. Bellamy.

Mr. C. E. Borden read the report of the committee on manager, a part of which is printed herewith:

"Your committee has come to no hasty conclusion, but has investigated and considered thoroughly at each step, and we now beg to submit to your consideration the name of Mr. Jas. Kyle, of Fayetteville, who has the unanimous endorsement of the committee as the proper person for you to elect to the position as manager of your association with a salary of $1,800.00 annually. Mr. Kyle has had 10 years experience in railroading; is thoroughly conversant with the subject of rates; and can, with his knowledge, have his bureau in running order in very little time. He comes very highly recommended, and, as a part of his knowledge, he has been taught to believe that Wilmington should have as good rates as Virginia cities and ports to the south of us.

He has also made assurances of successfully carrying out the work of the Association, which are most encouraging.

We trust that your Association will unanimously sustain the choice of your committee.

Respectfully submitted for the committee.

CHAS. E. BORDEN, Ch'rman,
B. F. KING,
J. A. TAYLOR,
B. F. KEITH,
HUGH MACRAE,
G. J. BONEY.

The selection of Mr. Kyle met with unanimous approval. The vote was taken by shares and every share was cast for him. His abundant experience will serve him well and there is little chance that the Association will regret its choice.

Meeting of Directors.

After the adjournment of the meeting of stockholders yesterday, the Board of Directors held a short meeting. The only important business transacted was in selecting a place for the permanent office of the Association. It was decided to rent two rooms on the second floor of the Seaboard Air Line building. The large room will be used as a general office, while an adjoining smaller one will be the private office of the manager. Mr. Kyle was notified by wire of his election yesterday and will open up his office promptly.

Bound Over to the Criminal Court.

Tom Brown, colored, charged with breaking into and robbing the depot of the Wilmington & Seacoast Railroad on the night of March 12th, was bound over to the Criminal Court yesterday in a bond of $100, which he gave. The case was tried by Justice Bunting, A. G. Ricaud, Esq., representing the railroad company and Herbert McClammy, Esq., the defendant. It will be remembered that Brown is charged with taking from the depot office a pistol and several other articles of value. The details as to the charge and arrest have been published in the STAR.

A Merited Appointment.

Maj. Wm. L. Kenly has been appointed chief engineer of the Water Department of Baltimore, with a salary of $4,000. The Baltimore *Sun* says of the appointee:

"Major Kenly was for many years assistant engineer under the late Robert K. Martin, after whose death he acted as chief engineer. When Mr. Hill was appointed chief engineer Major Kenly was made consulting engineer, which position he has since held. He has the reputation of being an able engineer and well fitted for the position to which he has been elected."

The Car Left Yesterday.

The North Carolina car left yesterday afternoon at 3.20 o'clock over the Carolina Central railroad. It will be on exhibit next at Lumberton. Large crowds visited it every day that it was on exhibition here, and its clever managers, Messrs. W. H. Ramseur and J. M. Moore, made lots of friends.

BATTERY I, U. S. ARTILLERY.

Crowds of People Disappointed at the Non-Arrival of the Soldiers Expected From Fort Monroe.

People who have been watching for the arrival of the battery of artillery from Fort Monroe were doomed to disappointment again yesterday. At 9.30 o'clock there was quite a good number of people at the Atlantic Coast Line depot to see if the artillerymen would arrive. They didn't come, but surely they will come on the next train, thought the anxious public. And at 5.50 o'clock last evening there were hundreds awaiting the arrival of the train. There was genuine excitement about the crowd and its actions. Those who were old enough must have been reminded of the days of '61-'65, when troops were moving to and fro over the country.

Besides the large numbers who were on the platform and under the shed, there were numerous others who went to meet the train in their anxiety.

Battery I didn't show up, however, though when the train came in and it was seen from a distance that there were two or three extra coaches, it appeared pretty certain the soldiers had really come.

It appears now that the artillery will not arrive here to-day. The contract for bringing them goes to the Seaboard Air Line, but Mr. T. D. Meares had not at a late hour last night been notified when the battery would start.

Whenever the battery does arrive the Wilmington Light Infantry will extend to them the courtesies of their armory as long as they remain in Wilmington. In case they should be here over night the basement of the armory will be offered for use as sleeping quarters

CIRCUIT CRIMINAL COURT.

Nine Cases Disposed of Yesterday—A Number of True Bills Returned by the Grand Jury.

In the New Hanover Circuit Criminal Court yesterday nine cases were disposed of and a number of true bills returned by the Grand Jury.

The only case of public interest was that against Capt. W. D. Smith, Cadet Wield and Mr. H. S. Smith of the Cutter *Morrill* on account of the recent trouble with Joshua Green, colored. The defendants tendered a plea of nolo contendere which was accepted and the case dismissed.

Other cases disposed of were as follows:

Joseph Outlaw, assault and battery with deadly weapon; sixty days in the county house of correction.

E. W. Carter, assault and battery with deadly weapon, judgment suspended on the payment of costs.

F. M. Elliott, assault and battery with deadly weapon, judgment suspended on the payment of costs.

Frank Register, larceny, eighteen months in the State Penitentiary.

Cephas Finch, appeal, plea of former conviction confirmed.

Virgil Spicer, assault and battery with deadly weapon, not guilty.

R. E. Readen, assault and battery with deadly weapon, guilty. Sentence will be passed this morning.

Court took a recess at 5.30 o'clock until 10 A. M. to-day.

HE STOLE A BICYCLE.

Anderson Morris Said to Be a Member of a Band of Thieves.

Andrew Morris, colored, was yesterday arrested on the charge of being implicated in the stealing of a bicycle, owned by J. H. Jackson, colored, from the office of Justice Price over in Brooklyn. The arrest was made by special officer Orr, on complaint of Henry Anderson, colored.

It seems that Morris sold the wheel, a very good Rambler, for $3.00 to Anderson, and it was found in his possession. Justice Price went to the police headquarters and demanded the prisoner on the ground that he had jurisdiction in the case, but it has been decided that the mayor will conduct the trial. Price says Morris is a member of a regular gang of thieves who conduct a systematic course of stealing. Their rendezvous is, he says, somewhere in Dross Neck. He has issued warrants for several of them and hopes to apprehend them soon. Morris will be tried this morning.

TO HAVE SPEEDY JUSTICE.

Edgar Mintz and Ed. Roderick To Be Tried in Criminal Court To-day.

Speedy justice is being meted out to Edgar Mintz and Ed. Roderick, the two men who behaved so disgracefully at Union Baptist Church Monday night, the former even committing an assault and battery upon the pastor, Rev. J. J. Matthews. A report of the affair was published in yesterday's STAR.

Both Mintz and Roderick were tried yesterday morning before Justice Bornemann and remanded to jail to await trial by the Criminal Court, and yesterday afternoon the grand jury returned a true bill against them, Judge Sutton immediately thereafter fixing the time for the trial at 10 o'clock this morning. It is a notable fact that within 15 minutes after the solicitor had drafted the charges for the grand jury, a true bill had been reported in the court.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

RAILWAY COMMISSION

Arguments Heard Against the Proposed Reduction of Passenger Rates.

IS RUINOUS TO RAILROADS.

Gov. Russell's Reasons for Pardoning Hanna—Morrison H. Caldwell, a Populist, Succeeds Chadbourn as Penitentiary Director.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., March 15.—The Governor assigns the following reasons for pardoning Hanna: "This pardon is sought by nine of twelve jurymen who tried and convicted him. It appears that the accused was guilty of no intentional wrong. The application for the pardon was signed by many prominent citizens of Wilmington and urged by the Governor of Maryland and the Mayor of Baltimore, together with other State and county officials in Maryland who have known the prisoner all his life and who testify to his former unblemished character and reputation; and the fact that the insurance company for whom the prisoner was acting at the time of the alleged offence has paid the full amount of the policy to the beneficiary under it. Twenty-one members of the Maryland Senate and thirty-three members of the Maryland House of Representatives, gentlemen who have known this prisoner all his life, united in urging executive clemency on his behalf."

The Governor appoints Morrison H. Caldwell, Populist, of Cabarrus, to succeed W. H. Chadbourn as director of the Penitentiary.

Vice President St. John and Traffic Manager Glover, of the Seaboard; President Elliott and Traffic Manager Emerson, of the Atlantic Coast Line, and Vice President Finley, of the Southern, presented figures and statistics to the Railway Commission to-day, in their exceptions to a reduction of passenger rates. Argument was made by Col. Henderson, Capt. Day, President Elliott and Mr. Busbee. The railroads presented figures showing that the new rates would result in the loss of thousands of dollars in the operation of local passenger trains. The Coast Line showed that only two of its ten passenger trains now pay expenses. Counsel, in argument, maintained that the commission had no evidence before it save that furnished by the railroads, and that acting upon that they must necessarily restore rates. Day made a brilliant argument. He said these men—John C. Winder and R. R. Bridgers, dead, and Col. A. B. Andrews—had done more for North Carolina and her material prosperity than all the politicians in the State, and all would exist until the crack of doom.

COLONIAL DAMES.

Meeting of the Reading Circle—A Pleasant Social Season.

An enjoyable and highly profitable semi-monthly meeting of the Reading Circle of the Colonial Dames was held in their apartment at the Seaboard Air Line building last night from 8.45 to 11 o'clock.

There was a full attendance of members, and the evening was devoted to historic reading and a pleasant social season. The especial feature of the evening was an able and highly interesting historic paper written and read by one of Wilmington's best known citizens. The name is withheld at his request.

Indications are that Wilmington will be well represented in the biennial convention of Colonial Dames of America, to convene in Washington, D. C., early in April. The society in this city was never in a more flourishing condition than at present, and is accomplishing much in their special work.

— The public is cordially invited to attend St. James Episcopal Church to-night. The occasion is evening prayer service and sermon at 8 o'clock.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral of MARY HOUSTON, infant daughter of Mary Wright and Robert H. Northrop, will take place at 11.30 o'clock this morning from the residence, 11 South Eighth street. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

DIED.

DAVID—In this city at 11.50 o'clock last evening, REBECCA, beloved wife of Mr. A. David. Funeral notice later.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Established 1876. Capital and Surplus, $140,000

Charles Richardson,

Wholesale Fruits,

GENERAL PRODUCE COMMISSION,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

J. H. NEWBURY, State Agent.
mar 16 7t

LARGE ARRIVAL OF

Florida Oranges, 30c Dozen.
Sweet Jamaica-s, 30c Dozen.
Sweet Seedless Oranges, 30 to 60c Doz.
Fresh Basket Grapes, 25 to 30c.
100 Bunches Bananas

Consigned to us. Retail prices 10 and 12c.

PALACE BAKERY,
mar 16 tf 17 South Second Street.

THE MAINE QUESTION

To Consider When Sick Is How to Get Well. The Answer Is: Go to

Jackson Springs

For a month or two, or order a few crates of the water.

Read the following letter from Judge Thos. H. Sutton:

Hon. Thomas H. Sutton, of N. C., Judge of First N. C. Criminal Court, says:

TARBORO, N. C., Nov. 3, 1897.

H. E. THOMPSON, Prop. Jackson Springs, West End, N. C.:

MY DEAR SIR—Your letter of 31st ult. received. In reply I take pleasure in saying that I spent two weeks at Jackson Springs in August of the present year. I was very feeble when I arrived there, suffering from Dyspepsia, and was not able to go from the hotel to the Spring, but after two weeks at the Springs I received beneficial effects from the curative power of its waters, and verily believe that these waters, springing out of the deep sand section of Moore County saved my life, or at least prolonged it to this day.

I have no hesitation in saying that I believe that the Jackson Springs Water is a specific for Dyspepsia, and the best water on earth for this one universal complaint of mankind. You may use this letter as you may think is best for the benefit of mankind. Yours, Respectfully,

THOMAS H. SUTTON.

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

For further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON, Proprietor,
mar 15 tf West End, Moore County, N. C.

NEW SPRING GOODS AT

The C. W. Polvogt Co

No. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

New Black Goods,
New Black Silks,
New Fancy Silks,
New Shades Liberty Silks,
New Pretty Organdies,
New Wash Goods,
New Ginghams,
New Laces.

Call and see our assortments before purchasing, all new goods. No last seasons goods to show you.

New Carpets, Mattings, Window Shades, Floor Oil Cloth, Trunks, &c., &c., &c.

Agents for Standard Patterns and America's leading Corset, W. B.
mar 6 tf

W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice-President. GEO. SLOAN, Cashier.

Results, If You Deposit in

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

$1	a week for 5 years you will have	$ 286
$2	" " " " "	$ 572
$3	" " " " "	$ 858
$4	" " " " "	$1144
$5	" " " " "	$1430
$10	" " " " "	$2860
$15	" " " " "	$4290
$1	" " for 10 years "	$ 637
$2	" " " " "	$1274
$3	" " " " "	$1911
$4	" " " " "	$2548
$5	" " " " "	$3185
$10	" " " " "	$6370
$15	" " " " "	$9555

STEP BY STEP YOU GO A LONG WAY.
mar 12 tf

THE PROPER THING.

A HAWES HAT.

IT'S THE NEW STYLE AT THE OLD PRICE $3.00

I HAVE ACCEPTED THE AGENCY FOR this HAT and will guarantee it as good as any $5.00 Hat in the United States. Have just received the latest Spring style. Buy or not buy, call and look at them. Also remember that I have an elegant line of Gents' Furnishing Goods and Shoes. My goods are all fresh and of the latest styles.

A. SHRIER,
mar 11 tf 114 Market street.

March, April and May.

If you aint got 'em you might have 'em, and four ounces of prevention is worth tons of cure.

"Corneau's" Bed Bug Interceptic

Does the work quickly, quietly and pleasantly. Most Drug Stores sell it.

In time of peace prepare for war. mar 15 tf

FOR SALE AT CLOSE PRICES.

1000 Caddies Damaged Tobacco.
500 Boxes Sound Tobacco.
100 Barrels Molasses all grades
50 Barrels Cider.
100 Cases Star Lye.
200 Bags Coffee.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
mar 16 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

Hibernians.

ERIN GO BRAGH

You are hereby notified to appear at your Hall Thursday morning, March 17th, St. Patrick's Day, at 9 o'clock, for the purpose of attending divine services at Saint Thomas' Pro-Cathedral. On return to the Hall the annual business meeting will take place.

By order of the President

WM. FLANAGAN,
mar 16 2t Secretary.

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING THIS DAY QUALIFIED AS ADministrator on the estate of John E. Niemyer, deceased, notice is hereby given to all creditors of his estate to present their claims properly authenticated on or before the 16th day of March, 1899, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. This March 15th, 1898.

JAMES C. NIEMYER, Administrator
of John E. Niemyer, deceased.
Postoffice address,
118 Firwood Avenue, Raleigh, N. C.
mar 16 6w* we

DON'T

Be "Penny wise and pound foolish." Good health is far above the cost of food, therefore take no "just as good," but demand the best and the best is

Shield Brand Leaf Lard.

MERCHANTS

Desirous of getting full value and have a dead good seller in a Hand-made Long Havana Filler Cigar of the best quality and equal to Imported, buy

"Renown," "Tropical Twist Head"

5c Cigars.

These brands are superceding all others and a trial is what does the convincing.

Vollers & Hashagen,

SELLING AGENTS.

Provisions, Lard, &c., &c.
mar 6 tf

TUBE-ROSE BULBS.

We have quite a nice lot of Tube-rose Bulbs on hand at

10 Cents Per Dozen.

Specially low price to any one purchasing from 100 to 1,000.

EASTER EGG DYES,
FLOWER SEEDS,
NURSING BOTTLES,

any everything else pertaining to the Drug business.

J. HICKS BUNTING,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Y. M. C. A. Building,
mar 11 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Goods Up to Date.

PRICES DOWN TO ZERO.

Terms, net cash, no discount, no time, no credit.

We will help you get a nest egg in the Building and Loan or the Savings Bank if you will trade with us.

The King Grocery Co.,
B. F. KING, MANAGER.
'Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
mar 15 tf

For Rent.

TWO-STORY HOUSE ON NORTH east corner Tenth and Princess streets. Six rooms, good water and large lot. Apply to

D. O'CONNOR,
mar 2 1w Real Estate Agent.

The Very Latest

Styles in Hair Cutting and the best Shaving in the city may be had at Prempert's. Messrs. Hughes and Cowell have not failed in a single instance to give satisfaction. They are beyond a doubt as fine Barbers as ever were in the city. If you want proof try them and if their work is not satisfactory it will cost you nothing. Respectfully,

A. PREMPERT, Barber,
mar 13 tf 11 South Front St.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 16

SPAIN'S PREDICAMENT.

Spain may or may not provoke war with the United States. If she has sense enough to keep out of the fire she will not, but pride (and Spanish pride is an idiotic thing) may drive her in where sense would keep her out. She is not in a condition to go to war with this country or with any country. As she exists to-day she is simply the decayed relic of what was once an assertive, but never a great nation. While other nations which bore no comparison to her when she was in her ascendancy have moved to the front, she has fallen to the rear, until she has gone from a first to a fourth rate nation. They have acquired empire while she has lost, through her own stupidity, avarice and oppression born of avarice, nearly all of the vast domain she once ruled. Of all her immense possessions on this hemisphere reaching from California on the Pacific to Cape Horn and from the isthmus of Darien Southward on the Atlantic to Cape Horn, all she has left are Cuba and Porto Rico, on the former of which she has lost her grip, the latter of which will also slip from her. She has been a squanderer of possessions, as some men are of money, and while she has had the good fortune to find and by finding acquire she has never had the ability to hold.

Cuba has about the same population as the State of North Carolina, or did have before the starving process was inaugurated. A very large portion of this population is composed of negroes, who have spent their lives on the plantations. But they are natives, and have seen enough of Spanish rule to hate the Spaniards. The insurgent armies are largely composed of these black men, or of mixed blood, as some of the leading spirits in council and in the field are. Maceo, whom the Spaniards lured to his death and assassinated, was one of them. A little over three years ago the uprising against oppression began by the landing of a small body of men on one extreme of the island. There were not more than a hundred banded when the flag of defiance was raised, and Spain with all her pride, her boasting and her 18,000,000 of people has been unable to check the march of those men, who have increased in numbers and boldness until they have practically gained control of the island almost to within gunshot of Havana, the seat of what there is left of Spanish authority.

There was a time when that insurrection might have been overcome but the same fatuous folly which has characterized Spain in all her dealings with her colonies when trouble came ruled in Cuba, and with the same consequences. If General Campos had been left unhampered by the arrogant stupidity of the home government he would have made reasonable concessions to the disaffected, for he was a man of sense, and a man of heart, who knew that the insurgents had just cause for complaint, and he had sense enough to have some conception of the size of the job that Spain had before her to force the unconditional surrender of those men driven by desperation to take up arms. He showed too much humanity, he showed no inclination to wage war on women and children, he didn't include starving and killing them by disease in his method of warfare and therefore he was recalled and the brutal butcher Weyler, who won all his battles, (in none of which he personally figured) with a typewriter, was put in command. Then the last hope of Spain to ever regain control of Cuba vanished.

In the vain endeavor to compel submission to her authority, after having spent $240,000,000 and sacrificed 30,000 or 40,000 lives she now finds her authority and her soldiers hemmed in at one extreme of the island, protected by a trocha which Weyler built to prevent the insurgents from marching on Havana. This trocha and his brutal savagery are the only monuments that Weyler left of his rule:

The day of concession ceased when Weyler's barbarous brutality was inaugurated, and now the insurgents he hoped to starve and terrorize into submission, stronger in numbers, self-confidence and resources, spurn all overtures for peace and will be satisfied with nothing less than unqualified and absolute independence. That is the situation in Cuba now, where General Blanco is trying to undo some of the horrid work that Weyler did.

On the other side of the globe the Philippine islands are in revolt again, after a protracted war which it put Spain to her trumps to suppress. Now Spain has another job on her hands there and a much more formidable one if she becomes involved with this country, for then the Philippine fighters will have backing that will enable them to meet and overcome any force that Spain can send against them. American war ships in Asiatic waters have their prows pointed towards the Philippines.

How is it in Spain? Bread riots in some of the cities. Factions supporting and opposing the Government policy. Carlists ready if the Government should become unpopular to inaugurate a movement for its overthrow. A bankrupt treasury and no credit without depositing the collateral, and not a real friend among all the European nations. That's the condition in which Spain now finds herself, not a condition to inspire a disposition to throw down the gauntlet to the United States or to any other full grown nation.

As far as the Spanish people are concerned they are "not in it," and care very little as to what becomes of Cuba. Most of them have all they can do to look out for themselves, and take more interest in a bull fight than they do in Cuba, and would participate much more readily in a bread riot than with an army to fight the Cubans. The army controls Spain, and it is the army which talks when war with the United States is talked, but if the army doesn't figure to more purpose than that portion of it which has figured in Cuba has done, it is more talk than anything else.

With such a power as the United States within three hours distance of Cuba what hope could Spain have of holding the island thirty days if she should invoke war? With Gomez and Garcia in the rear and American warships in front of Havana, how long could the Spaniards in that city hold out? Without firing a gun they could be starved into submission in thirty days, and if the starving process were not resorted to, within thirty days an American army could be landed that would capture or drive the Spanish army into the sea.

Spain *may* be foolish enough to force war upon this country (we doubt it), but if she does it will be one more of her exhibitions of superlative idiocy.

MINOR MENTION.

We have several times referred to the high tributes paid to the Southern people by prominent Republicans in the North for their admirable bearing since the thoughts of the people have been centered on the probabilities of war with Spain. Senator Proctor on his return to Washington from Cuba, speaking of the feeling in the South, characterized the people as "the patriotic, martial people." We reproduced a few days ago an editorial from the New York *Sun*, a Republican organ, suggested by the remarks of ex-Senator Ingalls, a Republican, of Kansas, in which he spoke so highly of the patriotic and admirable bearing of the people of the South. The *Sun's* editorial was even more eulogistic than the tribute paid by the gentleman from Kansas. The following from the Washington *Post*, a non-partisan—but not non-political—paper was suggested by the interview with Senator Ingalls and by the proceedings in Congress when the $50,000,000 appropriation was voted for the defence of the country, and is another high tribute to the South:

> "The South has disappointed none of those who know and understand her people. The South has seen more of war than the North has, for, while the North has furnished soldiers of splendid valor and indomitable devotion, the South has done that also and has, besides, experienced the ravages and devastations of warfare. Both sections have given their sons to the causes they respectively regarded as sacred, and both cherish with pride and love their heroism, but the South alone has felt the bitterness of defeat and known the sorrow and humiliation of an armed and a successful invasion. Last Tuesday's demonstration, therefore, was more significant as regards the Southern people than those of any other section. It showed that they retain only the glorious memories of the war of 1861-5, that all regrets and animosities have long since been buried, and that they are now as devoted to the re-established Union, the Stars and Stripes, and the honor and welfare of the country as though they had never been arrayed against the flag at all. It was not the voice of a Southern member of Congress that was lifted to obstruct the patriotic outburst which thrilled the land from end to end. No Southern Representative took advantage of that tragic opportunity to parade his stupid vanity and set up the trumpery spectacle of his private self-esteem. There were such discordant notes—drowned, however, and very promptly, in a storm of disgust and reprobation—but they issued from no Southern source.
>
> "All things considered, we venture to say that the conduct of the South, on the occasion to which we refer, was the most gratifying, the most creditable, and the most impressive feature of the episode. It demonstrated to the world, without maudlin outcry or noisy protestation, that in our Southern brethren we now have as true patriots, as cool and determined and sincere champions of the Republic as are to be found anywhere within the borders of the land. We know now that if trouble comes to us they will be among the first to spring to arms, and that, in the cause of the Union, they will display the same impetuous valor and brilliant dash that, thirty-five years ago, immortalized the paladins who followed Lee and Jackson, Johnston and Longstreet, with equal zeal to victory or defeat."

We reproduce these because they are a few of many similar utterances that we find in the Northern press, and show the change that has taken place up there even in the minds of intense partisans who but a short while ago had little else than misrepresentation and abuse for the South. We take it for granted that they are sincere in their utterances now; at all events they are closing their own mouths against any sectional clamor that may be attempted in the future.

⁂

We have no desire at this stage of the proceedings to question the patriotism of President McKinley, or the motives that actuate him in preparing for the emergencies of the situation. The protection and welfare of the country are doubtless commanding his chief attention, but he has some overtalkative friends whose utterances are calculated to throw suspicion on his motives, and make the impression that he is influenced more by partisanship than by patriotism. Editor Kohlsaat, of the Chicago *Times-Herald*, who is supposed to stand close to the President and to get occasional tips as to public policies from the White House, is one of these. In a recent editorial he substantially declared that the advanced position which the administration has taken on the Cuban question was taken to forestall the free silver advocates who proposed to make "free silver and free Cuba" the campaign issue, and "sweep the country" on it. And, therefore, Editor Kohlsaat exclaims "as between free silver and war give us war." Editor K. seems to be in a very much disturbed state of mind, and in a bad way. If he were talking only for himself it wouldn't make much difference, but the trouble is that in as much as he has the reputation of being on close terms with the administration his utterances are calculated to call its motives into question and put it in the position of involving the country in war to save the Republican party from defeat in the next elections.

⁂

The campaign in North Carolina would certainly be something original if it were conducted exclusively on State issues. Imagine, if you can, the spectacle of nine Democratic candidates for Congress, all nominated on free silver platforms, travelling over their respective districts and dodging the leading political issue of the day in all their speeches. It is a logical conclusion that the campaign in this State will involve the discussion of both State and National issues, and all attempts to smother the silver issue in the Congressional canvass will prove fruitless.

A Wilkes county sign reader has settled the war question. We are going to have it sure enough, and a three years war, too. The corn blades in Wilkes have for some time been split at the end into three sharp, sword shaped prongs. We are to have a year's racket for each prong. The same thing happened before the Revolutionary war, when the corn blades had seven prongs, as attested by this sign interpreter's grand mother. And the roosters which used to behave themselves and do their crowing about daylight now crow throughout the night. And a seal has just been captured in the Cape Fear river, and Consul General Lee has had his chin whiskers shaved off, and Congress has voted $50,000,000, and the Government is buying and distributing lots of shooting stuff. When all these things are hitched to the split corn blades it does look squally.

BOOK NOTICE.

We are under obligations to G. P. Putnam's Sons, publishers, for *The Life of Charles Carroll*, of Carrollton, who outlived all the other signers of the Declaration of Independence. It consists of two handsomely printed and neatly and substantially bound volumes, one of 400 and the other of 485 pages, appropriately illustrated and containing in addition to the biography proper his correspondence and State papers.

The work is by Kate Mason Rowland, who charmingly tells the life story of this devoted and immortal patriot, who lived to see the fiftieth anniversary of the Declaration which he had signed, and to enjoy the blessings of the liberty for which he risked his all.

There is only a limited number of these books published. Price $6. Address G. P. Putnam's Sons, 27 and 29 West Twenty-third street, New York.

For that tired feeling you must enrich and purify your blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the medicine you need. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas H Fletcher is on every wrapper.

HOW TO REMAIN YOUNG

Feed the Hard-Working Organs of Your Body With Just What They Require.

Here are some important truths expressed by a well-known professor of a New York Medical College.

"All Nature ever needs, or ever asks for, is a little help. She becomes over-worked—is it any wonder she needs help?"

"The heart beats night and day and never stops. The lungs are always working away like a pair of bellows. The stomach is constantly occupied; so are the kidneys and the liver. You cannot give them a vacation, but you can help them immensely. Those great organs—the kidneys and liver—are willing to work, but they need food and you can give it to them."

"You can easily feed these organs, and you will be surprised how much better you will feel if you do so. There is a discovery which is an actual food for the kidneys. It is known to scientists and the world as Warner's Safe Cure. By all means try it. A little of this remarkable medicine taken three times a day will produce a most happy effect. Instead of being tired, fagged out, despondent and with little ambition, you will grow bright, hopeful and happy. Women, especially, need a good friend of this kind, and I know of scores of ladies who would not think of being without this grand remedy to help them when they specially need it."

TWINKLINGS.

— "Harry, do you love your little baby brother?" "What's the use? He wouldn't know it if I did."—*Tit-Bits.*

— "Did you ever notice the expression of the face of the Venus de Milo?" "Oh, yes; she looks all broke up."—*Truth.*

— Young Physician (excitedly)—"How did you learn about me?" Messenger—"Rang all the bells till I found one at home."—*Truth.*

— Spiritual Adviser—"You have a trust in the future life?" Dying Financier—"No, no, no! Merely a reorganization, I assure you."—*Detroit Journal.*

— Time 2.30 A. M.—Admirer—"Has your father any objection to my paying you visits, Miss Maud?" Miss Maud—"Oh, no—but—er—I think that he'd rather you paid them in instalments."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— Magistrate (who has lately taken to himself a wig)—"I think I've seen you here before on a similar charge." Disorderly Prisoner—"No, yer washup. The last 'beak' I was up afore was a bald-headed old cove."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Looked That Way: The Office Boy—"Say! I believe the shippin' clerk is thinkin' about marryin' you." The Typewriter—"Why, the idea!" "On the dead, I do. I heard him askin' the book-keeper how much salary you got."—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

— "Richard," asked the teacher, "what was the message Gen. Sheridan sent to Gen. Early before the battle took place?" "He said," replied the big boy with the bad eye, "'Go, Early, and avoid the rush.'" And merely for this she kept him in after school. —*Chicago Tribune.*

— The man who had built up the new town and was showing a prospective settler about the place pointed with pride to a pretty little church, just completed. "Do you belong to the church?" asked the visitor. "I should say not," replied the head man of the burg, with an air of injured pride, "the church belongs to me."—*Detroit Free Press.*

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— There is another thing for Spain to consider. A country that has bread riots should not think of going to war.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— Coal will be the first need of a Spanish navy in time of war, and unless the United States lose all control of the ocean, which is grossly improbable, a Spanish fleet will be unable to operate about Cuba a month, because at the end of that time its coal will be gone.—*Philadelphia Press, Rep.*

—— This is the day of the week for trouble in Habana. It is the day for public meetings, parades, and bull-fights in the Cuban Capital. If there is to be an outbreak of any sort there it is unfortunately liable to choose Sunday for its purpose, Hence, if all goes well in Habana on Sunday, it is likely to go well during the rest of the week.—*Richmond Dispatch, Dem.*

—— Restriction of cotton production in New England is the natural result of successful competition in the South, which limits the New England mills to the home or nearby market. This, like the late strike, is a symptom of the large transfer of thisi ndustry as the iron industry was long ago transferred, from New England to more favorable seats.—*New York Commerciel Advertiser, Rep.*

Oom Paul at Church.

Hard by the president's mansion at Pretoria stands the austere little church where Mr. Kruger is wont to pray on Sundays. No member of the congregation is more regular than he, and at times he leads the service himself and will even preach when in the mood. Oom Paul himself draws large audiences, but when not actively engaged in the conduct of the service he usually sits beneath the pulpit, being, it is said, somewhat deaf at times. During prayer all the men stand up.

The collection of relics of Carlyle in his old house in Cheyne row, Chelsea, has just received an interesting addition in the shape of the famous red bedstead in which Mrs. Carlyle was born. It was brought from Craigen Puttock and put up in the Chelsea abode in 1842.

There are not many islands with a more stormy or more heroic history than that of Crete. In remote antiquity it was the redoubtable "Isle of One Hundred Cities," and had an illustrious line of kings, among whom were Rhadamanthus, Minos and Idomeneus.

I have been afflicted with rheumatism for fourteen years, and nothing seemed to give any relief. I was able to be around all the time, but constantly suffering. I had tried everything I could hear of, and at last was told to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I did, and was immediately relieved and in a short time cured. I am happy to say that it has not since returned.—Josh Edgar, Germantown, Cal. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Asheboro *Courier:* A. F. Page and sons will build a fourteen mile extension of the Aberdeen & Asheboro Railroad from Troy to Mt. Gilead in Montgomery county. The survey began this week.

— Fayetteville *Observer:* Eight immense cannon and a number of box cars containing munitions of war passed through here this morning over the A. C. L. consigned to Maj. Mahon at Pensacola, Fla. The train attracted a large crowd and caused much discussion.

— Lenoir *Topic:* Mr. J. M. Mast has been prospecting for gold near Hartland and recently he discovered what he thinks is a rich vein on the land of Mr. J. M. McCall. Mr. McCall has taken out considerable gold on his land for years, but this is a new find.

— Greensboro *Record:* A gentleman approaching seventy said yesterday that he could not recall a year this far in March when a number of peach, apple and cherry trees were not in bloom. This year there are some apricots blooming, but he says he has not noticed any of the other varieties.

— Marion *Messenger:* Special Agent Tom McCoy, of Asheville, with deputies T. H. D. Gillespie, W. A. Finley, Mr. Mann and Collector E. A. Halliburton, cut up a 140 gallon still on Tuesday morning, on land belonging to Mr. J. W. Hemphill in Old Fort township. It appeared that the blockade had been in operation about five months.

— Elizabeth City *Economist:* We have done more talking for juniper water in the last twenty years than any man living, and made only six converts in that time. Our fruits disgusted us and we quit, but a revival in juniper water has sprung up suddenly in the last few months, and we have been overpowered with enquiries, seekers, and how to get it. Excuse us.

— Statesville *Landmark:* The *Landmark* recently printed a State news item about a family of children in Rutherford country all of whose names begin with the letter Z. A lady friend, who taught school in that section and knows the family, sends us a corrected list of the names. Clements is the name of the family and the children are named as follows. Zeno Zula, Zebulon, Zinnie, Zolen, Zaco, Zaluski, Zenix, Zalf, Zeolly. If any have been added to the family since then they have have probably run down to the letter Z alone. But the Z's are not the only freak names in that section, for our friend tells us that another family, named Andrews, inflicted the following upon their children: Kansas Love, Quilina Quiltina Quinn, Eulalia Valtsia, Flabanico Anifesto. And yet another family, Allen, thus disfigured their children; Linsco, Lansco, Stumpeo. This passes Rutherford well up toward the head.

DESCENDANTS OF PILGRIMS.

Sir Walter Besant Figures That There Are 10,000 In America.

Many people in America claim descent from the pilgrim fathers. There might be a very considerable number, if we come to think of it. For instance, let us assume the number of married people among the first hundred who survived the first winter as 20 couples. We will allow them three children apiece. We will give to each of these children two—a large allowance, it is true. Then we have for each married couple, for the first generation, 3 descendants; for the second, 6; for the third, 12; for the fourth, 24; for the fifth, 48; for the sixth, 96; for the seventh, 192; for the eighth, 384; for the ninth and the present generation, 768, and for the original 20 married couples, 15,360. So that the living descendants of the Mayflower pilgrims can hardly be more than about 15,000. Out of these a great many have probably clean forgotten their descent. Probably there are not anything like 10,000.

If I were an American, I should certainly like to be one of that 10,000. Not that I feel the least attraction to a narrow and fanatic religion, but because the pilgrim fathers made so fierce a fight for existence and a place where they could think as they pleased and allow no one else to think as he might please. Ancestry, in this country at least, is chiefly a matter of selection. The people who keep up their genealogies drop out as they go along numberless branches. People who wish to recover their genealogies have got to "hitch on" at one of the dropped branches. Every marriage in a genealogy is a kind of junction, where many lines may meet. Now, the business of the genealogist is to look up all the junctions, to follow up each one and to choose the line which offers the most desirable alliances. Some years ago an ingenious gentleman offered to find royal descent for any one for £70 down. He did it, too, quite honestly. He said that if you could only get back 100 years or so it was perfectly easy to connect with Edward I or Edward III.—Sir Walter Besant in London Queen.

The Highest Things.

There is no nobler sight anywhere than to behold a man quietly and resolutely put aside the lower things that the higher may come in to him. Every now and then a conscience among the men and women who live easy, thoughtless lives is stirred, and some one looks up anxiously, holding up some one of the pretty idlenesses in which such people spend their days and nights, and says: "Is this wrong? Is it wicked to do this?" And when they get their answer, "No; certainly not wicked," then they go back and give their whole lives up to doing their innocent little piece of uselessness again.

Ah, the question is not whether that is wicked, whether God will punish you for doing that! The question is whether that thing is keeping other better things away from you; whether behind its little bulk the vast privilege and dignity of duty are hid from you; whether it stands between God and your soul. To put aside everything that hinders the highest from coming to us and then to call to us that highest, which—nay, who—is waiting always to come, this as the habit and terror of a life, is noble.—Phillips Brooks.

Beats the Klondike.

Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Marysville, Tex., has found a more valuable discovery than has yet been made in the Klondike. For years he suffered untold agony from consumption, accompanied by hemorrhages; and was absolutely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that gold is of little value in comparison with this marvelous cure; would have it, even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50 cts. and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded. †

Great Improvement

Reports a Welcome Change in Her Condition

Statement by a North Carolina Woman.

"Nearly all my life I have had one cold after another and the trouble seemed like catarrh in the head. There were discharges from my ears, and my hearing became affected. I took a number of kinds of medicine but I grew worse instead of better. One day I procured a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and began taking it, and soon found it was doing me good. I gained strength and was greatly benefited in many ways. I continued its use and now the bad feeling in my head is gone, and the earache with which I suffered has disappeared. I am now able to do my housework without help. I shall keep Hood's Sarsaparilla in the house as long as I live." MRS. T. G. RHYNE, Dallas, North Carolina.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Price 25c.

Broke the Spell.

Up to the time of Cleveland's election it was a popular superstition with politicians that no candidate whose name began with the letter C could be elected to the presidency. The idea arose from the fact that no man whose surname presented this peculiarity, no matter how strong he was with the people, had ever been successful at the polls. There were two Clintons, George and DeWitt, William H. Crawford, Henry Clay, Lewis Cass and a number of others, who, though their prospects seemed bright indeed, met with a defeat when it came to the test. Several of the C's, George Clinton and Henry Clay, for instance, were strong candidates several times, but never could "make the riffle."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

He Could Dodge.

"There's nothing slow about Jones," he said reflectively.

The other laughed scornfully.

"I guess you never loaned him any money," he said.

"Oh, yes, I have," replied the first speaker. "That's what made me speak that way. I loaned him $10 six months ago and I haven't been able to catch him since."—Chicago Post.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

Rev. E. Edwards, pastor of the English Baptish Church at Minersville, Pa., when suffering with rheumatism, was advised to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. He says: "A few applications of this liniment proved of great service to me. It subdued the inflammation and relieved the pain. Should any sufferer profit by giving Pain Balm a trial, it will please me." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas H Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Whole-Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7⅜
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℘ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℘ ℔	6	@	7½
Shoulders ℘ ℔	6	@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℘ ℔	5¾	@	6
Shoulders ℘ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New Mork, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 20
BEESWAX ℘ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℘ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℘ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	46	@	48
Virginia Meal	46	@	48
COTTON TIES—℘ bundle		@	85
CANDLES—℘ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℘ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½	@	12
COFFEE—℘ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	7½	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℘ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℘ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℘ dozen	10	@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℘ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℘ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℘ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℘ barrel	2 50	@	3 50
Mullets, ℘ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℘ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℘ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℘ ℔—			
Low grade		@	4 00
Choice		@	4 90
Straight		@	5 25
First Patent	5 50	@	6 00
GLUE—℘ ℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℘ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	48
Car load, in bags—White		@	47
Oats, from store		@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas		@	60
HIDES—℘ ℔—			
Green		@	8
Dry		@	12
HAY, ℘ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	85
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℘ ℔	1⅜	@	2
LARD, ℘ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℘ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℘ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℘ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	26
Barbadoes in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	15
NAILS, ℘ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 45	@	1 50
PORK, ℘ barrel—			
City Mess	11 50	@	12 00
Rump		@	11 50
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ℘ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℘ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
On 125 ℘ Sacks		@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℘ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℘ ℔—Standard Gran'd		@	5½
Standard A		@	5⅜
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4½
C. Yellow		@	4½
SOAP, ℘ ℔—Northern	3¼	@	4
STAVES, ℘ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℘ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℘ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℘ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℘ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ℘ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, March 15.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at 33 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 32½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market steady at $1.25 per bbl for Strained and $1.30 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1.00 per bbl of 280 ℔s.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.50 per barrel for Hard, $2.00 for Dip.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin firm, $1.45, $1.50; tar firm, $1.00; crude turpentine quiet, $1.30, $1.80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	112
Rosin	681
Tar	231
Crude Turpentine	18

Receipts same day last year.—38 casks spirits turpentine, 180 bbls rosin, 136 bbls tar, 9 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5¾c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 5-16	cts.	℘ ℔
Good Ordinary	4⅝	"	"
Low Middling	5 5-16	"	"
Middling	5¾	"	"
Good Middling	6	"	"

Same day last year, middling 7c.

Receipts—302 bales; same day last year, 43.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60c.

CORN.—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE.—$1.00@1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 8 to 9c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES.—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to $3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to $6.50.

TIMBER.—Market steady at $3.00 to $7.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 15.—Money on call steady at 2@2½ per cent., with last loan at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange weak; actual business in bankers' bills 483½@483¾ for demand; 480¼@480½ sixty days. Posted rates 481½@483 and 484½@485½. Commercial bills 480¼@480½. Silver certificates 55@55¾. Bar silver 55⅛. Mexican dollars 45. Government bonds were strong; U. S. new 4's, registered 122⅛; do. coupon, 122¼; U. S. 4's 110¼; do. coupon, 111; U. S. 2's, 98⅛; U. S. 5's, registered, 111; do. 5's, coupon, 111. State bonds dull; N. C. 6's 130½; do. 4's 103.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 15.—Rosin was steady. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, March 15.—Spirits turpentine firm at 35½c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, March 15.—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 32@33c; sales 162 casks, of which 50 were at lowest prices; receipts 485 casks. Rosin firm; sales 1,165 barrels; receipts 1,950 barrels; the closing quotations were: A, B, C, D $1 20, E $1 25, F $1 35, G $1 45, H $1 60 I $1 60, K $1 65, M $1 80, N $1 90, window glass $1 95, water white $2 05.

COTTON MARKETs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 15.—The cotton market showed a healthier undertone to-day on a generally better class of news. Speculation, however, was very light except during the first hour. The first call developed a steady market, with prices unchanged to one point higher. Soon after the opening prices moved up 4 to 5 points on active buying, led by Liverpool reports. This was started by favorable late English cables, indications that port receipts would fall below early estimates, more confident feeling in London and local stock markets and a marked scarcity of offerings. Business fell off sharply after the first hour and for the balance of the session was very light with the professional element in control. One of the chief supports of the market continues to be the firmness with which spot cotton is held throughout the South. Exporters were said to be buying wherever possible at yesterday's figures, but business was seriously checked by the conservative views of holders. The market closed very steady at a net gain of 4 to 8 points.

NEW YORK, March 15.—Cotton was quiet; middling 6⅛c.

Futures closed very steady; sales of 102,500 bales; March 5.95c, April 5.95c, May 5.99c, June 6.00c, July 6.03c, August 6.05c, September 6.03c, October 6.02c, November 6.03c, December 6.04c, January 6.07c.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 6⅛c; middling gulf 6⅜c; sales 642 bales.

Net receipts 552 bales; gross receipts 4,106 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,032 bales; exports to the Continent 2,726 bales; forwarded 1,229 bales; sales 642 bales; sales to spinners 342 bales; stock 183,865 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 26,100 bales; exports to Great Britain 11,286 bales; exports to the Continent 14,437 bales; stock 1,061,494 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 84,181 bales; exports to Great Britain 63,000 bales; exports to the Continent 29,313 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 7,657,923 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,735,178 bales; exports to France 715,339 bales; exports to the continent 2,284,510 bales.

March 15.—Galveston, easy at 5 13-16c, net receipts 2,616 bales; Norfolk, steady at 5 13-16c, net receipts 1,433 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6⅛c, net receipts — bales; Boston, dull at 6⅛c, net receipts 691 bales; Wilmington, firm at 5¾, net receipts 302 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6⅜c, net receipts 229 bales; Savannah quiet at 5 9-16c, net receipts 3,240 bales; New Orleans, steady at 5 9-16c, net receipts 5,555 bales; Mobile, steady at 5⅝c, net receipts 1,051 bales; Memphis, steady at 5 11-16c, net receipts 601 bales; Augusta, quiet at 5 15-16c, net receipts 394 bales; Charleston, quiet at 5 9-16c, net receipts 37 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 15.—Flour was again inactive but ruled fairly steady. Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red $1 04⅝; options opened firm on favorable Liverpool market news and was further advanced by bullish Russian crop estimates, producing a scare among shorts; subsequent realizing, however, provoked a sharp decline, notably in late deliveries which closed ½@⅝c net lower, against ¼@⅜c advance in near months; on the curb bears again raided the market and forced May off to 98¼c; No. 2 red March closed $1 04⅜; May closed 99⅝. Corn—Spot easy; No. 2 37⅛c; options opened steady with wheat, but lacking speculative support soon eased off, closing dull and easy at ⅛c net decline; May closed 34⅛c; July 35⅞@36⅛c, closed 35⅞c. Oats—Spot dull; No. 2, 31@31¼c; options inactive and nominally steady all day, closing unchanged; May closed 30¼c. Lard was easy; Western steam $5 32½; May $5 40, nominal; refined steady. Pork dull. Butter was firm; Western creamery 14@19c; do factory 11@15c; Elgins 19c; imitation creamery 14@17c; State dairy 13@19c; do creamery 14@18c. Cheese quiet; large white September 8½c. Tallow steady; city 3 11-16@3¾c; country 3⅝c. Cotton seed oil dull. Petroleum was dull; refined New York at $5 80; Philadelphia and Baltimore $5 75; do. in bulk $3 25. Rice firm. Molasses was steady. Coffee—Spot Rio weak; No. 7 invoice 5⅞c; No. 7 jobbing 6⅛c; mild steady; Cordova 8¼@16c. Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining 3⅝c; centrifugal 96 test 4⅛c; refined quiet.

CHICAGO, March 15.—Wheat to-day became very weak towards the close and wound up with a loss of 7-8c in July. Selling of May wheat at 1.05 by Leiter precipitated a flood of selling orders in July. Corn and oats followed wheat, closing about ½c lower each. Provisions did not change much.

CHICAGO, March 15.—Cash quotations: Flour dull. Wheat—No. 2 spring 92@94; No. 3 spring 85@95c; No. 2 red $1 01½@1 01¾. Corn—No. 2 29⅛@29¼c. Oats—No. 2 26c; No. 2 white, free on board 30@31c; No. 3 white, free on board, 28½@29¼c. Rye—No. 2 49¼c. Mess pork per bbl., $9 77½@9 82½. Lard, per 100 ℔s $5 00@5 02½. Short rib sides, loose, $4 80@5 10. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $4 75@5 00. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 25@5 40. Whiskey, distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 18.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 March —, —, $1 01¼; May $1 04, 1 05, 1 04, 1 04; July 87⅝, 88, 85¾, 85⅞c. Corn—May 30⅛, 30⅜, 27⅞, 27⅞; July 31¼, 31½, 31⅛, 31⅛c; September 32⅜, 32½, 32⅜, 32⅜c. Oats—May 26⅜, 26½, 26⅛, 26⅛c; July 24⅜, 24½, 24⅛, 24⅛c. Pork, per bbl.—May $9 90, 10 00, 9 80, 9 80; July 9 95, 10 05, 9 85, 9 85. Lard, per 100 ℔s—May $5 10, 5 12½, 5 05, 5 07½; July $5 17½, 5 17½, 5 15, 5 20. Ribs, per 100 ℔s.—May $5 00, 5 07½, 5 00, 5 02½; July $5 07½, 5 12½, 5 07½, 5 07½.

BALTIMORE, March 15.—Flour lower; Western superfine $2.70@3.10; do extra $3.75@4.00; do family $4.30@4.60; winter wheat patents $4.75@5.00; spring wheat $5.20@5.40; spring wheat straight $5.00@5.15. Wheat strong; spot and month 99½@99¾c; April $1.00@1.00⅛c; May $1.00¼@1.00⅜; steamer No. 2 red 96c bid; Southern wheat by sample 96c@$1.00½; do on grade 96c@$1.00c. Corn firm; spot and month 34@34⅛c; April 34¼@34⅜c; May 34⅝@34⅞c; steamer mixed 33½@33⅝c; Southern white and yellow corn 33½@34½c. Oats steady; No. 2 white 34½@35c; No. 2 mixed 32@32½c. Lettuce $1.50@1.75 per basket.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, March 15.—4 P. M.—Cotton Spot quiet and prices easier. American middling 3 11-32d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 7,700 American. Receipts 28,000 bales, including 23,600 American. Futures opened quiet with a moderate demand and closed steady. American middling (l m c): March 3 17-64@3 18-64d buyer; March and April 3 17-64@3 18-64d buyer; April and May 3 18-64d seller; May and June 3 18-64@3 19-64d seller; June and July 3 19-64d seller; July and August 3 19-64d seller; August and September 3 19-64d seller; September and October 3 19-64d seller; October and November 3 18-64@3 19-64d buyer; November and December 3 18-64d buyer; December and January 3 18-64@3 19-64d value.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, Jas Madden.

Schr John H Tingue, 483 tons, Rhodes, Charleston, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Schr Isaac P Campbell 557 tons, Stevens, Boston, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Steamship Oneida, 1091 tons, Staples, New York, H G Smallbones.

CLEARED.

Steamship Oneida, 1091 tons, Staples, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, Jas Madden.

Schr Ira B Ellems, 262 tons, Marston, Port au Prince, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

PORT AU PRINCE—Schr Ira B Ellems—256,845 feet of lumber, valued at $3,021.56. Vessel by Geo Harriss, Son & Co; cargo by S & W H Northrop.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., March 15, 1898.

SCHOONERS.

John H Tingue, 483 tons, Rhodes, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Isaac P Campbell, 557 tons, Stevens, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
D J Sawyer, 288 tons, Kelley, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Margaret B Roper, 408 tons, Cranmer, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Joel Cook, 381 tons, Frazier, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Robert A Snow, 125 tons, Pillsbury, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Sarah D Rawson, 292 tons, French, Jas T Riley & Co.
Victory (Br) 131 tons, Munro, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Roger Moore, 277 tons, Miller, Jas T Riley & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Kimon (Austrian), 1,244 tons, Saha, Powers, Gibbs & Co.
Cambay (Br), 1693 tons, Rees, Alex Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES.

Ruth (Nor), 445 tons, Olsen, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Broderene (Nor), 631 tons, Kildahl, Heide & Co.
Triumph (Nor), 537 tons, Carlsen, Jas T Riley & Co.

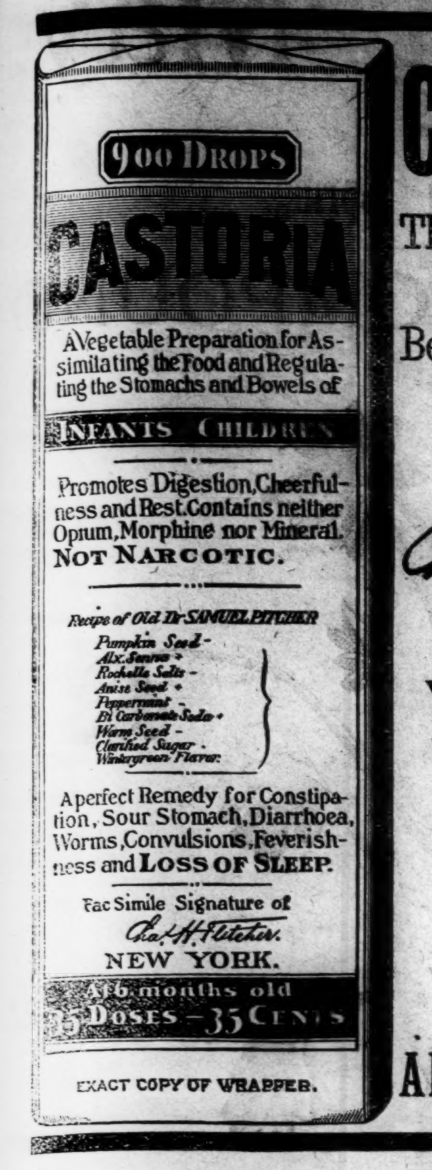
Mortagee's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A POWER OF SALE CONtained in a Mortgage given by S. B. Gaskill and wife to John D. Taylor, Receiver, and subsequently assigned to J. H. Gore, Jr., guardian of Leila G. McGirt et al., the undersigned will on Saturday, March 26th, 1898, at 12 o'clock M, offer for sale by public auction, for cash, at the Court House door in the the city of Wilmington, the following described lot or parcel of land, lying, being, and situate in the city of Wilmington, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Eighth street sixty-six feet southwardly from its intersection with the southern line of Dawson street, and running thence southwardly along the said eastern line of Eighth street sixty-six feet, thence eastwardly and parallel with Dawson street eighty-two and one-half feet to the western line of Millis' alley, thence northwardly along the western line of Millis' alley and parallel with Eighth street sixty-six feet, and thence westwardly and parallel with Dawson street eighty-two and a half feet, to the said eastern line of Eighth street, the beginning point.

Dated this the 25th day of February, A. D., 1898.

J. H. GORE, JR.,
Assignee of the Mortgagee.

feb 25 30t



900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar .
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature

—OF—

Chas. H. Fletcher.

ON THE

WRAPPER

OF EVERY

BOTTLE.

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Unnecessary Generosity.

Jose Maria, a Spanish brigand who had received pardon of the government on condition that he renounced his exciting and unlawful profession, used to tell most entertaining stories of his past. On one occasion he said he had robbed an English gentleman and his servant of their horses and everything they possessed save their clothes.

The Englishman was a pleasant, attractive youth and submitted to the robbery with great good humor. This appealed to Jose Maria, and as they were 40 miles from Seville, whither the traveler was going, he determined that he should not walk that distance and gave him back his servant's horse and a doubloon ($16) out of the 200 he had taken.

The youth thanked the robber warmly and added that he had still a great favor to ask.

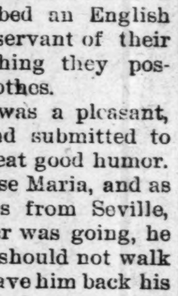
"Will you not return me my watch?" he said. "It was the parting gift of my dear father."

"Is your father alive," asked Jose Maria, "and does he love you very much?"

"Oh, yes!" said the youth. "He lives and loves me."

"Then," said Jose Maria, "I shall keep the watch, for if your father loves you so dearly he is sure to give you another."

In the PATHWAY



of the Expectant Mother dangers lurk, and should be avoided.

"Mother's Friend"

so prepares the system for the change taking place that the final hour is robbed of all danger. Its use insures safety to the life of both mother and child, and makes child-birth easy and recovery more rapid.

"'Mother's Friend' is the greatest remedy ever put on the market, and all our customers praise it highly."

W. H. KING & CO., Whitewright, Tex.

Sent by express on receipt of price, $1 Per Bottle. Book "To Expectant Mothers" mailed free.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

je 20 tf 3u fr we

MAXTON BUILDING

AND

LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington.
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B. HARKER, Secretary. jan 1 tf

FASHIONS CHANGE

BUT

POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

NOT PEACE, BUT STRIFE.

Sweetheart, I used to question, ere you came,
What thing this was that bore the name of love,
And, fash'ning from dream fancies, from the fame
Of mighty loves now dead, and from above
Seeking a light immortal, I at length
Built for myself a dainty wildwood nest,
A harmony of beauty and of strength,
A fairy spot with fragrant flowers dressed,
Where bird songs echoed in the golden air,
And summer sunshine gleamed athwart the trees.
There, hand in hand with One, knowing not care,
I wandered happy as the morning breeze.

But now that you are here,
My love, the truth I see.
How God lives in our love, bidding us fight
Wrong, sorrow, and to rear
By our own joy the free
And holy glory of his living right,
And gladly, with no sigh,
I leave the dream, nor crave
Aught but with you to try
The power of great love to help and save.

Dearest, when we have done what was our best,
When the strength of our day is past, and night
Comes quietly, and we know that we must rest,
Leaving the task undone, shall not fight,
Though all unfinished, faltering and weak,
Yet, since we loved each other and held high
Above our failing what God bade us seek,
Shall not the fight bring peace, and we but die
To find the dream is real? Not, as then, made
Of careless happy fancies, but reared strong
On sorrows love, made holy through God's aid,
On selfhood's sacrifice and conquered wrong.

—H. Hawthorne in Harper's Magazine.

A Dinner at Birs Nimrud.

John Punnett Peters, in his book, "Nippur, or Explorations on the Euphrates," describes a dinner at Birs Nimrud as follows:

"Before dinner we had date arrack, almonds and cigarettes to whet our appetites. The first course consisted of chicken and potatoes. Each man was provided with a knife, fork and spoon, which he retained during the entire dinner, the dishes being changed at each course. We all plunged into the central dish, and it was polite for each person to eat faster than every other. At each end of the table were bowls of pickles, in which we went fishing, with our forks or spoons as we saw fit. Once, as a mark of distinction, the host presented me with a tidbit on his fork as a concession to Frank usage. We had beer to drink with our dinner. After the chicken came spinach cooked in the most delightful way imaginable, for the Turks certainly know how to cook. With this was served a very peculiar sort of sour oranges, which are better than lemons for squeezing over anything. Then came some excellent meat pills, for I scarcely know what else to call them. After this we were served with delicious sweet cakes floating in a luscious sauce, then cabbage, with meat chopped in it, then rice pilau, with chicken tidbits mixed in. * * * We then washed our hands with soap and water and rinsed out our mouths, after the Turkish fashion."

KENTUCKY'S SHAKER MILL.

Once It Ground Flour For a Cake For Queen Victoria.

One of the oldest mills now standing in Kentucky, says a Lexington correspondent of the Cincinnati Tribune, is that known as the Shaker mill, which is located on Shawnee run, a small stream in Mercer county, about six miles northeast of Harrodsburg and about two miles from the famous high bridge on the Cincinnati Southern railroad. The mill has now fallen into decay. The dam was partially washed away by a freshet in the spring of 1896, and the millstones which for so many years ground their grist day and night are stilled, perhaps forever.

The mill was erected about the year 1809 by John Meacham and Benjamin Youngs, Shaker missionaries from the Mount Vernon society in New York. They had established a Shaker community within a mile of the millside, and as it was thriving rapidly they soon found the need of a mill. At first the mill was rather a small affair, but as the Shaker community increased in numbers and wealth improvements were added until it was finally one of the best mills in Mercer county. Old fashioned burs were gradually replaced by the best French burs, and the reputation of the flour made by the Shakers caused them to find a ready market for every pound they produced, and many hundreds of barrels of flour ground in this old mill were shipped on flatboats down the Kentucky river to Louisville, Memphis, Natchez, Baton Rouge and New Orleans.

From the latter port Shaker flour was frequently shipped to Europe, and it is said that on one occasion the Christmas cake for Queen Victoria was baked from flour ground by this mill. The machinery was turned by two old fashioned overshot water wheels.

The Shakers were scrupulously honest in their milling operations, and nothing but the very choicest wheat was ground by this mill. It was on that account perhaps as much as in the excellence of their mill and the skill of their millers that they produced such a superior article of flour. It was noted all over central Kentucky for its excellent qualities in making the delicious salt rising bread so familiar to all strangers who have partaken of Kentucky's country hospitality. In recent years the mill has made but little flour, as the Shakers never put in the Hungarian rollers, and all the grinding down there has been in making cornmeal. Since the dam washed away, however, even this work has been abandoned.

A Hard One.

A little girl has a grandfather who had taught her to open and shut his crush hat. The other day, however, he came with an ordinary silk one.

Suddenly he sees her coming with the new stovepipe wrinkled like an accordion.

"Oh, grandfather," she said, "this one's very hard. I've had to sit on it, but I can't get it more than half shut."—London Fun.

Lord Tennyson died a rich man, his will, recently proved, showing a personalty of $286,000. His early publishers, Messrs. Strahan & Co., paid him $25,000 a year for the privilege of publishing his poems and a royalty besides which was above the conventional 10 per cent paid to most authors.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

This remedy is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough and influenza. It has become famous for its cures of these diseases over a large part of the civilized world. The most flattering testimonials have been received, giving accounts of its good works, of the aggravating and persistent coughs it has cured; of severe colds that have yielded promptly to its soothing effects, and of the dangerous attacks of croup it has cured, often saving the life of the child. The extensive use of it for whooping cough has shown that it robs that disease of all dangerous consequences. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. *

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

Low Prices in Tinware, Stoves and Hardware

of all kinds is what dealers are looking for that have an eye to business. They will do well to inspect the values that we are offering in these lines and the prices that we are quoting just now on Hardware, Tinware, Stoves, Ranges and Agricultural Implements of all kinds before purchasing elsewhere.

OUR PENINSULAR STEEL RANGES must be seen to be appreciated, and it will be a pleasure for us to show you their construction and management. A fine and varied line of Cooking and Heating Stoves constantly on hand at low down prices. Try us and we wil convince you.

Our lines of general Hardware, Cutlery, Brass goods, &c., are complete in each department.

J. W. MURCHISON,

feb 23 tf ORTON BUILDING.

Seed, Seed, Seed.

NEW CROP

JUST ARRIVED.

All Varieties. Lowest Prices.

Truckers, Country Merchants and Gardeners will save money by buying from

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale Druggist and Seedsman,

feb 20 tf Wilmington, N. C.

FINE FOOT WEAR

Some send to Cammeyer's, others send elsewhere for what they need in SHOES, while all can save themselves money by buying at home. We have Val. Duttenhofer & Son's Ladies' Shoes at the uniform price of $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00. This line is unexcelled. We carry Mundell's Children Shoes at $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50; besides many cheaper grades in all kinds. We sell a splendid line of Gent's Shoes also. We invite you to inspect our stock and WEAR OUR SHOES.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.

63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess streets. jan 22 tf

Sugar, Molasses, Coffee.

150 Barrels Granulated Sugar.
75 Barrels Soft Sugar.
50 Barrels Molasses.
25 Barrels Syrup.
175 Sacks Coffees.
25 Cases Peaches.
50 Cases Tomatoes.
50 Cases Sardines.
200 Cases Lye.

Ask us for quotations before purchasing elsewhere.

ROBT. R. STONE & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers,

mar 3 tf Nos. 5 & 7 South Water street.

HOTEL STEWART.

Rates $2.00 and $1.50 Per Day, According to Location.

West Centre St., opposite R. R. Ticket Office.

feb 25 tf Goldsboro, N. C.

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

STORES, OFFICES AND DWELLings for rent.

Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved city real estate. se 6 tf

THE WORTH COMPANY

SUCCESSORS TO

WORTH & WORTH,

Wholesale Grocers, Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Commence business this day and assure their friends and customers of a continuance of the same business principles and policy which characterized their predecessors. All business entrusted to us will have our careful attention. feb 1 tf

F. T. MILLS,

Wholesale and Retailer Dealer in

HORSES AND MULES.

Constantly on hand a full line of mated teams, Roadsters, Saddlers, general purpose and Farm Horses.

Full Line of Farm and City Mules

One to two car loads received every week. All stock is guaranteed as represented.

112 and 114 North Water St.

feb 19 tf

AN UP-TO-DATE CHEF

knows the value of good, juicy beef and mutton, when preparing the many choice morsels, entrees and tid-bits that the experienced epicure knows how to appreciate, and he knows he can get the primest meats to be found in North Carolina from this market at all times at reasonable prices.

I. B. RHODES.

mar 1 tf

FRANK H. STEDMAN,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Fire AND Tornado Insurance

YOUR BUSINESS IS SOLICITED AND

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

OFFICE AT

Southwest corner of Front and Chesnut Sts.

de 3 tf

Special Cut on

No. 1 Sugar-Cured Hams,

10c Per Lb.

Can't Be Beat.

S. W. SANDERS,

mar 15 tf AT THE UNLUCKY CORNER.

FORAGE.

Hay and Peanut Vines.

Corn, Oats, Peas.

Don't buy Molasses until you see our FINEST.

HALL & PEARSALL,

feb 22 tf Wholesale Grocers.

Take Time by the Forelock and Send in Your Orders Early for

........**THE EASTER NUMBER**

OF THE

NEW YORK HERALD.

It will be as fresh and fragrant as the first breath of springtime.

SUNDAY, MARCH 27,

IS THE DATE OF ITS ISSUE.

It will Be in Every Respect a Worthy Successor to the Memorable Last Christmas Number.

The High Art Supplements

Will Be Marvels of Beauty, Both as to Composition and Color.

AMONG THE ARTISTS WHOSE WORK WILL APPEAR IN THIS SUPERB EDITION WILL BE

ASHE,
KELLER
and ASPELL.

Charming Subjects Charmingly Treated.

THE LITERARY FEATURES Have been Chosen With Taste and Discrimination.

THE GREATEST INTEREST WILL BE FELT IN

A Novelette by D'Annunzio.

It Will Be Thoroughly Characteristic and Distinctly Original.

Other authors contributing to the HERALD'S EASTER NUMBER will be such popular favorites as

IAN MACLAREN, GEO. R. SIMS and FLORA ANNIE STEEL.

The little folk will be delighted with a most winsome tale by Richard Von Volkman-Leander, entitled

"The Little Humpedback Girl."

It will be exquisitely illustrated.

A Beautiful Easter Carol Has Been Composed Expressly for This Number by that Master of Melody, VICTOR HERBERT.

These are but a few of the many good things that await the readers of the

EASTER NEW YORK HERALD.

IT WILL WILL BE A JOURNALISTIC GEM.

Send in your orders at once if you would not be disappointed. mar 9 3t

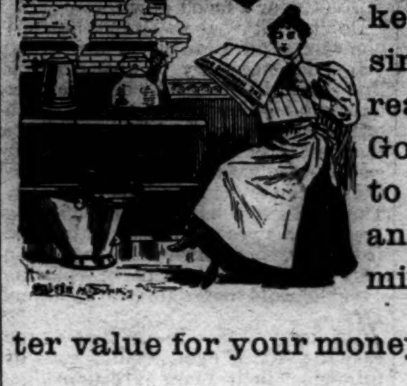
BIG G Trade Mark. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Price $1.00

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. **Sold by Druggists,** or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

GETTING BREAKFAST READY

IS AN EASY TASK WHEN YOU HAVE GOOD CLEAN COAL TO WORK WITH.



Your fire comes up quickly and bright, and while your kettle and coffee pot are singing merrily you can read the morning paper. Good Clean Coal is a boon to housekeepers or cook, and at no place in Wilmington can you get better value for your money.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephones 64 and 94. Inter-State 146.

feb 22 tf

PLUMBING!

We Have Added This Line to Our Business,

—AND WITH—

MODERATE PRICES AND GOOD WORK,

We hope to receive a fair share of the public Patronage.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.

jan 5 tf

Portner's

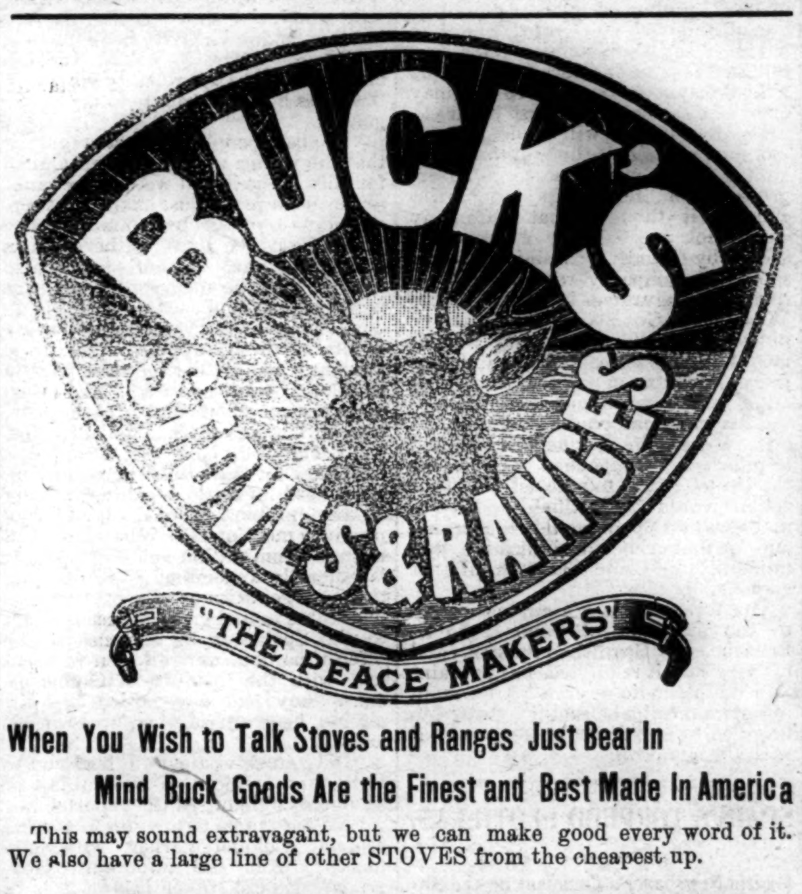
OLD GERMAN

Bock Beer

NOW ON SALE.

Same Fine Quality as Last Year.

mar 5 tf



When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

AS USUAL WE ARE WELL PREPARED

To supply the public with the highest grade of fuel, and beg to ask attention to the following:

Red Ash Egg Coal,
White Ash Egg Coal,
White Ash Stove Coal,
White Ash Chestnut Coal,
White Ash Furnace Coal,
Pea Coal, Pocahontas Coal,
Tennessee Coal.

Oak Wood, Ash Wood,

Blackjack and Lightwood, Cut for Stoves, Grates, &c., &c.

Full weight and full measure delivered in best of order at the lowets prices. We thank you for orders.

jan 30 tf **J. A. SPRINGER & CO.**

Statement of Atlantic National Bank, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business Feb. 18th, 1898, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		
Loans		$572,903 10
Overdrafts		21 86
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)		40,000 00
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000 00
Due from other Banks	$109,167 71	
Cash on hand	67,274 55	276,442 31
Total		$899,367 27

LIABILITIES.		
Capital		$125,000 00
Surplus	$60,000 00	
Undivided profits	15,912 11	75,912 11
Circulation		36,000 00
Total Deposits		662,455 16
Total		$899,367 27

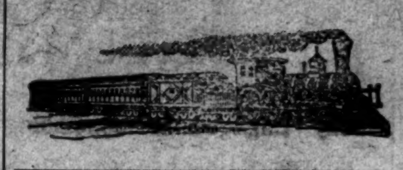
COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	Feb. 18, '96.	Feb. 18, '97.	Feb. 17, 98.
Total Deposits	$607,000	$650,000	$662,000
Surplus and Net Profits	54,800	64,500	75,900
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. mar 6 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



Schedule In Effect February 17, 1898

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.02 a. m., Warsaw 11.15 a. m., Goldsboro 12:05 a. m., Wilson 12:55 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:40 p. m., Tarboro 2:31 p. m., Weldon 4.33 p. m., Petersburg 6.22 p. m., Richmond 7:15 p. m., Norfolk 6.05 p. m., Washington 11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:06 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:53 a. m., †Boston 3:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:35 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:57 p. m., Weldon 1:42 a. m., †Norfolk 10:30 a. m., Petersburg 3:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:08 a. m., Philadelphia 11:25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:13 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 4.00 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5:00 p. m., Chadbourn 5:41 p. m., Marion 6:43 p. m., Florence 7:25 p. m., Sumter 9:10 p. m., Columbia 10:30 p. m., Denmark 6:12 a. m., Augusta 7:55 a. m., Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:25 p. m., Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah 1:50 a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 5:25 p. m.

ARRIALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1:03 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a. m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:05 a. m., Petersburg 10:03 a. m., Norfolk 8:40 a. m., Weldon 11:52 a. m., Tarboro 12:12 p. m., Rocky Mount 12:47 p. m., Wilson 2:37 p. m., Goldsboro 3:20 p. m., Warsaw 4:11 p. m., Magnolia 4.24 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:25 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:30 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., †Norfolk 2:20 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., †Tarboro 6:01 p m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6:22 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville 10:26 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.20 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:27 p. m., Jacksonville 7:40 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 6.45 a. m., Atlanta 8:30 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 2:30 p. m., Denmark 4:25 p. m., Sumter 8:12 a. m., Florence 9:58 a. m., Marion 10:36 a. m., Chadbourn 11:38 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 12:09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3:55 p. m., Halifax 4:30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7:10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Smithfied 9:00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.20 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 3.00 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.38 a. m., arrive Latta 10.26 a. m., Dillon 10.30 a. m., Rowland 10.54 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.13 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.33 p. m., Latta 6.46 p. m., Pee Dee 7.10 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8:30 a. m., Chadbourn 11:43 a. m.; arrive Conway 2:03 p. m.; leave Conway 2:45 p. m., Chadbourn 5:45 p. m.; arrive Hub 6:25 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6:27 p. m., Manning 6:58 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7:36 p. m.; leave Lane's 8:34 a. m., Manning 9:08 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9:37 a. m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9:30 a. m., 7:55 p. m.; arrive Georgetown 12:00 m., 9:14 p. m.; leave Georgetown 7:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m.; arrive Lane's 8:25 a. m.; 5:25 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9:55 a. m.; arrive Darlington 10:28 a. m., Cheraw 11:40 a. m., Wadesboro 12:35 p. m.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:00 p. m.; arrive Darlington 8.25 p. m., Hartsville 9:20 p. m., Bennettsville 9:21 p. m., Gibson 9:45 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only at 9:55 a. m.; arrive Darlington 10:27 a. m., Hartsville 11:10 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6:35 a. m., Bennettsville 6:59 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:50 a. m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday at 7:00 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:45 a. m.; leave Darlington 8:55 a. m.; arrive Florence 9:20 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4:25 p. m., Cheraw 5:15 p. m., Darlington 6:29 p. m.; arrive Florence 7:00 p. m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only at 8:15 a. m., Darlington 9.00 a. m.; arrive Florence 9:20 a. m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2:20 p. m., 11:16 p. m.; arrive Selma 3.15 p. m., Smithfield 3:22 p. m., Dunn 4:00 p. m., Fayetteville 4:47 p. m., 1:14 a. m., Rowland 6:13 p. m.; returning leave Rowland 10.54 a. m., Fayetteville 12:18 p. m., 10:15 p. m., Dunn 1:01 p. m., Smithfield 1:39 p. m., Selma 1:47 p. m.; arrive Wilson 2:35 p. m., 12:09 a. m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4:29 a. m., Creston 5:17 a. m.; arrive Denmark 6:12 a. m. Returning leave Denmark 4:25 p. m., Creston 5:30 p. m., Sumter 6:25 p. m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5:45 a. m.; arrive Pregnalls 9:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10:00 a. m.; arrives Creston 3:50 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11:10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; arrive Lucknow 1:00 p. m and 8:50 p. m. Returning, leave Lucknow 6:05 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.; arrive Elliot 8:25 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

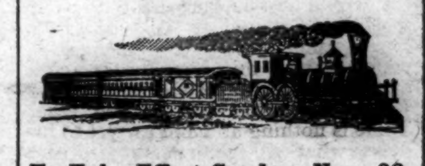
†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager feb 7 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
3 Pass'g'r Trains		STATIONS.	4 Pass'g'r Trains	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	....
5 35	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents Sold by

For sale by R. R. BELLAMY,
feb 1 tf Druggist.

SEABOARD S.A.L. AIR LINE

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect May 30, 1897.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., arrives Lumberton 5:26 p. m., Pembroke 5:46 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:23 p. m., Hamlet 6.53 p. m. Connects at Hamlet with train 41 for Charlotte and Atlanta, and with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 4—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 a. m., arrives Weldon 11:41 a. m., Raleigh 3:30 p. m., Sanford 5:03 p. m., Hamlet 6:53 p. m., Rockingham 7:39 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m., Athens 3:45 a. m., and Atlanta 6:20 a. m. Connects at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:10 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m. Arrives Weldon 11:10 p. m., Raleigh 2:07 a. m., Sanford 3:35 a. m., Hamlet 5:10 a. m., Rockingham 5:23 a. m., Wadesboro 5:54 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:20 a. m., Shelby 11:18 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:30 noon, Athens 1:15 p. m., Atlanta 3:50 p. m. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a. m., Maxton 9.05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 1:00 p. m. Arrives Athens 3:16 p. m., Monroe 9:30 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p. m., Charlotte 8:18 p. m., Monroe 9:10 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:06 p. m., Hamlet 11:20 p. m., Sanford 1:02 a. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:18 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon. Pullman sleepers, Atlanta to Washington and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 7:00 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:50 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E. ST. JOHN,
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General Offices Portsmouth, Va. sep 22 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y.

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule.

In Effect January 23rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	9 00 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	12 10 P. M.
Leave Fayetteville	12 18 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	12 25 "
Leave Sanford	1 48 "
Leave Climax	3 47 "
Arrive Greensboro	4 20 "
Leave Greensboro	4 30 "
Leave Stokesdale	5 17 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 47 "
Leave Rural Hall	6 15 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 40 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 17 P. M.
Leave Climax	12 45 "
Leave Sanford	[illegible]
Leave Fayetteville Junction	[illegible]
Arrive Fayetteville	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M
Arrive Maxton	9 02 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 50 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	5 07 "
Leave Red Springs	5 43 "
Arrive Maxton	6 11 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 35 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 25 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro	3 15 "
Leave Climax	4 25 "
Arrive Ramseur	6 10 "

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

jan 23 tf

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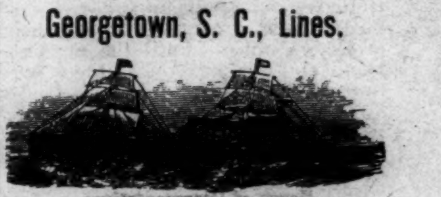

New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN..................Saturday, March 5
ONEIDA....................Saturday, March 12

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA....................Saturday, March 5
CROATAN..................Saturday, March 12

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN..................Tuesday, March 8
ONEIDA....................Tuesday, March 15

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

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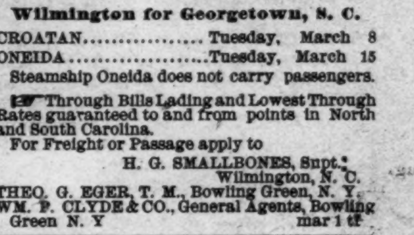

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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 16

IN THE HOUSE AND SENATE.

Bill Passed to Establish a Light House at the Pitch of Cape Fear River.

NATIONAL QUARANTINE BILL.

Debate in the House on the Postoffice Appropriation Bill — Annexation of Hawaii Advocated by Representative Tawney.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—After the passage to-day of numerous bills from the general calendar, the Senate began the consideration of the measure providing for a national system of quarantine. Little beyond the reading of the bill was accomplished. Some desultory discussion occurred on an amendment offered by the committee, but not progress was made on the general bill.

Among the bills passed were the following:

To establish a light-house at the pitch of Cape Fear river, near Wilmington, N. C., at a cost not to exceed $70,000; to extend the uses of the mail service, the plan being to adopt the return postal card of the United States Economic Company.

The national quarantine bill—the unfinished business—was laid before the Senate and read at length.

Mr. Vest, Missouri, in charge of the bill, offered the following new paragraph as a committee amendment: "Nothing in this act shall be construed to interfere with the right of any State to protect its citizens from infectious or contagious diseases by such rules and regulations as the authorities of said State may deem necessary; and which do not conflict with the rules and regulations made by the Secretary of the Treasury, as hereinbefore provided, to prevent the introduction of infectious or contagious diseases into the United States from foreign countries or the spread of such diseases from one State, Territory or the District of Columbia into another State. Territory or the District of Columbia.

Senator Sewell, New Jersey, opposed the bill on the ground that it put too much power into the hands of the surgeon of the marine hospital service. He also regarded it as an interference with the rights of various States.

Senator Caffery, Louisiana, opposed the position taken by Senator Sewell. He held that an uniform system in fighting an epidemic or plague was absolutely necessary and that could be had only through the national government.

In response to the intimation of Senator Sewell that the Southern States were actuated by mercenary motives in supporting the pending bill, Senator Vest sharply pointed out that the greater opposition to the bill had come from the Southern States.

Senator Frye, of Maine, said that the absurdity of the present quarantine system was well illustrated at Philadelphia, where vessels after having been inspected without charge by the officials at the national quarantine station had to be subjected to a further examination by State officials, for which fees were charged.

"Well, what would you do about the matter?" inquired Senator Sewell. "If I could have my way," replied Senator Frye, "I would place the entire subject of quarantine under the control of the National Government, just as pilotage is placed."

Senator Vest, replying further to Mr. Sewell, asked whether the United States government should stand helpless and see its people slaughtered and its commerce crippled or destroyed. He maintained that the United States had sovereign power to act in the matter of quarantine. As a further argument in favor of a national quarantine Senator Vest said it had been openly charged that during the yellow fever epidemic of last year the embargo of a quarantine had been placed by some cities against others purely for commercial reasons.

Under a national system of quarantine no such unfair advantage could be taken.

At the conclusion of Senator Vest's remarks the quarantine bill was laid aside and a measure providing that United States marshals and district attorneys should continue to fill their respective offices until the appointment and qualification of their successors, was passed.

On motion of Senator Fairbanks, Indiana, the Senate then at 3.45 P. M. went into executive session, and at 5.25 P. M. adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The House agreed to-day to consider the bill for the relief of the legal heirs of the victims and survivors of the Maine disaster as soon as the Postoffice appropriation bill, which was taken up in the House to-day, is out of the way.

During the general debate on the Postoffice bill, members eagerly took advantage of the latitude allowed in Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union to discuss various political questions and the debate accordingly covered a wide range.

Mr. Mahany, Republican, New York, denounced an editorial in a New York paper on the Sheriff Martin verdict. The public opinion of the United States, he said, while accepting the verdict registered the unofficial verdict that the shooting down of defenceless laborers constituted an impeachment of American liberty and a disgrace to the section in which it occurred.

Mr. Tawney, Republican, Minnesota, then got the floor and replied to a speech delivered by Mr. Johnson, Republican, Indiana, several weeks ago against the annexation of the Hawaiian islands. Mr. Tawney argued that the commercial and military advantages of the island made their annexation desirable. He defended the native Hawaiians who, he said, are not an illiterate race. Mr. Tawney also contended that only unreconstructed royalists opposed annexation. He was warmly congratulated when he concluded.

At 5.10 P. M. the House adjourned.

John Connolley, editor of the *Plow Boy*, published at East Point, Ga., was shot and killed last night by J. C. Cox, a Welshmna. The crime was the result of litigation over an estate.

PITCHER'S
CASTORIA
THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT
Has the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher on every wrapper.

WAR AND NAVY DEPARTMENTS.

Busily Engaged in Concluding Contracts for Procurement of Supplies.

THE WORK MOVING RAPIDLY.

Pushing Work on Torpedo Boats—The New Cruisers—Coast Fortifications—New Dry Docks—Battleship to be Built.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—This was another busy day in the War and Navy Departments. Secretary Alger was enabled to make an allotment of funds from the appropriation of $50,000,000, which will greatly facilitate the work of the bureaus. These bureaus had not been able to conclude any contracts for the procurement of war supplies because no allotment had been made, but this afternoon the ordnance bureau was given two and a half million dollars and business went forward with a rush. It is true that this sum is already mortgaged under provisional arrangements made during the past week but with the assurance of more funds to come the work of the bureau is now moving rapidly.

Torpedo Boats and Auxiliary Ships.

Secretary Long was exceedingly busy to-day, having not only to give a good deal of time to the cabinet, to which he was obliged to return twice, but also being obliged to see a great many persons with whom the department has or expects to have contract relations. Among the latter was Mr. Herreshoff, the torpedo-boat builder, from Bristol, R. I. He turned two of these boats over to the department a few days ago and the Secretary's purpose in consulting him was to learn how much he could hasten the work on one of the boats remaining on his hands, which in ordinary times would require about two months to complete. The Secretary also spent a good deal of time at intervals during the day consulting over the long distance telephone with naval officers in New York and it is believed much of this consultation concerned the procurement of suitable vessels from among the auxiliary navy for war purposes. Mr. Malstead of the Columbian Iron Works, at Baltimore, has notified the department that he will be able to turn over to it the torpedo-boat Rogers next Saturday. The Rogers is a boat which smashed her engines in the midst of a trial trip about six months ago. It was necessary almost to replace the engines, but under the hurry orders from the Navy Department this has been done in good time. It is expected that the boat will be taken at once from Baltimore to Norfolk. The department has no disposition to waste time at this juncture in making trial trips, but knowing the boat to be of satisfactory type, like her sister boat the Winslow, she will be accepted out of hand, as were the Grim and Talbot last week.

The New Cruiser Amazonas,

according to present plans, will be manned entirely from the San Francisco. That vessel sailed at 6 o'clock this morning from Lisbon and will arrive in the Tyne about Friday. It is expected that she will divide her officers and crew with the Amazonas, placing Lieutenant Commander Arthur B. Nazro, executive officer of the San Francisco, in charge of the latter vessel. Without doubt the Amazonas will be gotten across the ocean as soon as possible, and it is expected that the San Francisco will convoy her.

Movements of Other Warships.

The torpedo boat Foote arrived at Jacksonville this afternoon. The Machias sailed from Norfolk to Boston, where she will undergo some repairs made necessary by her long Asiatic cruise. The Brooklyn went to Newport News for coal. The Marblehead, which is taking on stores at Tampa, sailed to rejoin the squadron at Tortugas.

Judge Advocate General Lemly received a telegram this afternoon from Havana, announcing the arrival there of the derrick Chief in tow of the tug Underwriter. It is expected that this derrick will greatly facilitate the work of wrecking the Maine.

Coast Fortifications.

The War Department is greatly disappointed and annoyed at the dilatoriness shown by the contractors who have undertaken to construct the new fortifications along the coast. It is said that only one among the whole number has finished his contract on time. The department has been greatly embarrassed thereby in placing its guns and has been obliged to extend the time allowed these contractors. The department has determined not to submit to further obstruction in prosecuting the work undertaken, but will do the work itself and refrain from entering into contracts.

Report Expected from the Maine Court.

"The general opinion of the members of the cabinet," said one of them after the meeting to-day, "is that some report will be received during the present week from the Court of Inquiry examining into the cause of the Maine explosion. "Yet," he added, "it would not be surprising to us if the report should be delayed for a longer time. We have nothing on which to base this hope that I know of, only the feeling seems general that what I have said will be the case. There is nothing at hand as yet to indicate what will be the nature of the findings of the Court.

"To-day our time was occupied in a general discussion of the measure under way for the national defence, notably in regard to the acquisition of new vessels of war. We are keeping an eye on the two ships under construction for Chili and the Argentine Republic, but it is not probable we can get them. If we cannot obtain the ships, it is a source of satisfaction to know that Spain will not be able to purchase them either."

New Dry Docks.

The Naval Committee of the House has agreed to provide for the construction of five dry docks.

The docks are to be located at Boston, Portsmouth, N. H., Algiers, La., Mare island, California, and League Island, Pa.

Cabinet Meeting.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Nothing of special importance was developed at to-day's cabinet meeting. A large part of the time was consumed in the general discussion of the measures being taken to place the navy on a proper footing for defence in case of trouble. The question of the purchase of war vessels, where they could be had and at what price, was talked over but without coming to any definite conclusion on any new proposition. Information in possession of the Government is to the effect that up to this date Spain has not consummated the purchase of the Chilian warship O'Higgins. The indications, it is stated, seem to be that this ship will be added ultimately to the United States navy.

Talk of Intervention.

Not much concern is expressed by officers of the administration over the reported intention of European governments, at the instigation of Austria, to intervene between the United States and Spain in the settlement of the questions pending between them. So far it can be stated that this has taken no official shape, or at least no indications of such a design has reached the State Department. What the attitude of our government would be if representations in that line were addressed to it by the European powers is a question that the officials do not care to answer in anticipation.

New Battleships.

A good deal of encouragement was created at the Navy Department to-day by a report from the capitol that a majority of the naval affairs committee is disposed to substitute six battleships for the three provided for in the pending naval appropriation bill. This number is supposed to represent about the normal working capacity of the three ship-building concerns in this country that are able at present to undertake the construction of battleships.

The fortifications board began its sessions to-day in the War Department. The proceedings are guarded zealously against publication.

Artillery Batteries.

Bids were opened in the Quartermaster's office of the War Department to-day for transporting some of the artillery batteries that are to man the fortification works recently completed. The batteries for whose movements proposals were received include the following:

Battery L, Fourth Artillery, from Fort McHenry, Md., to Fort Delaware; battery I, Fourth Artillery, from Washington, D. C., barracks to Fort Mott (near Fort Delaware); battery E, Fourth Artillery, from Fort Monroe to Sheridan's Point, on the Potomac; battery I, Second Artillery, from Fort Monroe to Fort Caswell, near the mouth of the Cape Fear river; battery F, First Artillery, from Fort Monroe to Tybee Island, Ga.; battery I, First Artillery, from Fort Monroe to Fort Morgan, Ala.

The Pennsylvania Railroad received the contract for transporting the batteries from Washington to Fort Mott and Fort McHenry to Fort Delaware.

Other batteries to be moved as a result of recent orders to man fortifications are: Battery C, of the First Artillery, from St. Augustine to Sullivan's island, Charleston harbor; light battery B, Fourth Artillery, from Fort Riley, Kas., to Jackson Barracks, La.; light battery F, Fourth Artillery, from Fort Riley to Fort Monroe; light battery F, Fifth Artillery, from Fort Riley to Savannah, Ga.; the light battery at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, to Galveston; Fifth Artillery—two batteries—from Fort Slocum to Fort Hancock, one battery from Fort Wadsworth to Fort Hancock and one battery from Fort Hamilton to Fort Hancock; Second Artillery—one battery—from Fort Adams to Long Island head.

Spanish Sentiment.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—A statement which is believed to reflect correctly the sentiment of the Spanish cabinet in the present emergency, was made to-day by a gentleman intimately associated with Premier Sagasta, and Senor Moret, Minister of the Colonies in the Spanish cabinet. It is not desired to give it the form of an official utterance, but rather an exposition from one whose opportunities for information are complete, on the views animating the ruling authorities of Spain. The statement is as follows:

"The elections in Cuba are about to occur and the Government desires them to be as free as possible. Naturally, however, the insurrection will prevent many from voting and it is felt also that renewed insurgent activity coming at such a moment might jeopardize the successful working out of the autonomist plan. Moreover, the attitude of the United States in having a squadron so near Cuba, and the active war preparations in the United States, are of a nature that may exert an influence against a fair expression of public will under the autonomist plan. It is thought that if the United States were sincere in its expression of friendship to Spain, even if it thought that autonomy could not meet every expectation, should by friendly acts, and not words, show this sympathy with the liberal regime inaugurated in Cuba. If the Washington Government made known indirectly to the insurgents that it meant to have peace in Cuba and that peace in Cuba may be had with an autonomic government under Spain, the insurrection would certainly die out. If later the Weyler party wanted to interfere it would then be time for the United States to take action. That action would be justifiable. Now to make war on Spain would be a crime, and for that crime to civilization and humanity the United States would be responsible."

The foregoing statement was called to the attention of Senor Polo de Bernabe, the Spanish minister, and his views on it requested, but he maintained diplomatic reserve. After reading it carefully he said it appeared to be given by one thoroughly conversant with the situation.

SPAIN'S TORPEDO FLOTILLAS.

Madrid Newspaper's Comment on the Situation—A Large Order for Special Projectiles.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, March 15.—The Spanish torpedo flotilla, which sailed from Cadiz on Sunday last, ostensibly for Porto Rico, will only call there for provisions, etc., and will afterward leave for Havana.

A second Spanish flotilla will soon start for Cuban waters and will probably be stationed at Porto Rico.

The friends of Senor Sagasta, the Spanish premier, deny that Senor J. M. Ceballos, the general agent at New York of the Spanish trans-Atlantic Steamship Company, has visited President McKinley at the inspiration of the Spanish Government.

The *Imparcial* says: "Yesterday we received two telegrams from New York which have not been published. They deal with war preparations and concern not only jingoism but high officials of the American Government who, in view of the position ought to observe a more discreet attitude."

The *Imparcial* follows with a truculent denunciation of Americans who, it says, are trying to frighten Spaniards by invoking the phantom of war, of which they are more afraid than the Spaniards.

"The United States is a country," says the *Imparcial*, "of bellicose self-advertisement. By moving vessels to and fro, she is trying to make believe that her forces are greater than they really are. We sincerely advise these bogeymen not to waste their time and money."

BIRMINGHAM, ENG., March 15.—The Kynochs Company has already dispatched part of a large Spanish order for special projectiles, standing 4½ feet high, the largest ever made by the Kynochs.

AMERICA'S GREATEST medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which accomplishes wonderful cures of blood diseases when all other medicines fail to do any good whatever.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic and liver tonic. Gentle, reliable, sure. †

SAVE MONEY BY HOME DYEING.

EASY WAY TO MAKE NEW SPRING GOWNS OUT OF OLD, FADED SUITS.

Diamond Dyes Make Beautiful and Brilliant Colors Which Will Not Fade—So Simple That Even a Child Can Use Them Successfully—For Twenty Years the Standard Home Dyes.

Don't wear a faded gown.

Don't look shabby simply because you cannot afford to buy a new dress.

It is not necessary to wear clothing that is faded and shabby because you have no money to buy more. With one or two packages of Diamond Dyes that cost only ten cents, the old dress can be dyed a fashionable and beautiful color and made to look like new. Thousands of women will have spring dresses this year that cannot be told from new, but which have cost them only a trifle, the result of coloring over their old materials with Diamond Dyes.

Diamond Dyes are so simple and easy to use that even a child can, by following their plain directions, get fast and beautiful colors. They will not fade, crock, or wash out, and are the only package dyes that have stood the test of years of use. Do not risk your goods with imitations of the Diamond.

A PICTURE OF DESOLATION.

Suffering Indescribable—Women and Children Starving—Insurgent Army Never as Firm and Strong—No One Wants Autonomy.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Colonel Myron M. Parker, who was Senator Proctor's companion in his trip to Cuba, in an interview with a *Star* reporter to-day, said:

"You might believe, but you could not realize, the condition of the reconcentrados in Cuba. It passes the comprehension of a man accustomed to the usual phases of life. Their emaciation is terrible, their suffering indescribable. We saw warehouses full of starving women and children. These people have been forced into the villages and towns by the Spaniards, and the whole country where they lived has been devastated.

"In the ride from Havana to Sagua de la Grande, a distance of about 200 miles or more, the country presented a picture of desolation. For miles and miles the charred stalks of the burned sugar cane showed where the torch had been applied by the Spanish and insurgents alike. At intervals are block houses, occupied by Spanish soldiers. Above each block house is a cupola where a Spanish soldier is always on the lookout. If a reconcentrado attempts to go out from the village and cross the trocha, he is shot, and if an insurgent tries to come in he is treated likewise. The trocha serves, however, to prevent sudden dashes by the insurgents into the villages at night to burn them.

"The Spanish army is largely employed along the railroads. But as closely as the road is guarded, the insurgents can do with it as they please. It is generally understood in Cuba that the railroad company pays tribute to the insurgents for running the passenger trains. The insurgents don't want to bother the passenger trains, but they are alert to interfere with freight aud troop trains. The day before we reached Matanzas the insurgents blew up a sugar train only three miles out of that town. They cross the railroad at any point they desire and whenever they please. In my opinion Gomez virtually has control of the island. There is not an estate in cultivation, so I am reliably informed, that does not pay tribute to the insurgents.

"The best people in Havana told me that the young men of the best Cuban families in the island were in the ranks of the insurgents, just as the best representatives of our best families were in the Southern and Northern ranks during the war. My informants also told me that the insurgent army was never as firm and as strong as it is today. It gets a very large proportion of its medical supplies right from Havana, and its discipline is said to be all that can be desired. The insurgents have complete control of the province of Santiago de Cuba and Principe. They claim to have all the supplies necessary for their subsistence, having great herds of cattle, beside cultivating a large proportion of the land in the province mentioned. What they need is arms, ammunition and clothing. It is generally understood in Cuba that the insurgents known as presentados, who came in and gave themselves up to the Spaniards in response to the offer of pardon, were all men who had met with the disfavor of Gomez because they had disregarded the discipline he so rigidly enforces in his army."

"Did your investigation lead you to form any opinion on the subject of autonomy?" inquired the reporter.

"No one wants autonomy in Cuba," replied Colonel Parker with emphasis; "even the autonomist Governors do not favor it. I know of several alcades, or mayors, of towns outside of Havana, appointed as autonomists, who are wholly in sympathy with the insurgents."

TRANSPORTATION OF ARTILLERY.

Fort Caswell to be Reinforced by Troops Mobilized at Fort McPherson.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CINCINNATI, March 15.—Major Charles Porter, U. S. A. of the Fifth Regiment at Fort McPherson, near Atlanta, arrived here to-day. It is rumored that he is arranging for the transporation of artillery men from Fort Thomas to the South Atlantic coast.

The passenger agents of the Southern, the Seaboard Air Line and the Chesapeake and Ohio have been asked to make rates on the transportation of troops and accoutrements. Fort Caswell, on the Cape Fear river, North Carolina; Tybee, near Savannah, and Fort Morgan, near Mobile, are to be reinforced by troops to be mobilized at Fort McPherson. Companies of about sixty artillerymen, it is said, will be organized in the West, rendezvoused at Fort Thomas and hurried off to Fort McPherson, whence they will be distributed along the coast.

Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina, on behalf of the people of his State, has invited President McKinley to attend the celebration of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence at Charlotte, N. C., May 20th. The President has promised to give the invitation consideration, with the hope that he may be able to attend.

The Senate Committee on Naval Affairs had under consideration yesterday the resolution instructing it to make an investigation of the Maine disaster, and decided by a vote of six to five to postpone action for the present.

At Defuniak Springs, Fla., Sheriff Marvel Manning, of Walton county, in attempting to arrest Arthur Perry, a negro wanted for assault upon another of his race, was killed, the negro losing his life in the encounter.

MAINE DISASTER INVESTIGATION.

The Court of Inquiry Left Havana Last Evening for Key West.

WILL RESUME ITS SITTINGS.

Has No Prophecy to Make as to Duration of Its Session or as to When or Where the Findings Will be Promulgated.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, March 15.—A correspondent at Sagua La Grande telegraphed that Mrs. Thurston died at noon yestesday of heart disease, believed to be heriditary. Mrs. Thurston had been much affected by the scenes of suffering she witnessed at Matanzas, especially in the case of the skeleton-like children. She was noted for her great humanity and when at Matanzas saw a gaunt mother sadly embracing her dying child. The feelings of Mrs. Thurston were excited by this sad scene and probably this incident helped to hasten the end.

The United States naval court of inquiry into the loss of the battleship Maine continues its careful scrutiny of the testimony and the plans of the wreck, calling on the divers for any news of their new discoveries. The members of the court claim to be as ignorant as ever of the time of their departure.

The wrecking derrick Chief, of New York, arrived here to-day in tow of the Boston tug Underwriter. It is understood the latter will return to the United States for a 3,000 ton barge.

The body of another victim of the Maine disaster was found late last night floating near the United States cruiser Montgomery. The remains have not been identified.

It is reported here that the Spanish cruiser Vizcaya, at the request of the Spanish residents of Mexico, will visit Vera Cruz. It is further reported that the Spaniards at that place have decided to present the Spanish government with a warship of the same size as the Vizcaya.

Spanish troops to the number of 1,400 arrived here to-day from Spain.

Senor Rafael, a prominent resident of this place, has presented the Spanish government with the coasting steamer Pilar, in order that she may be armed as a warship.

HAVANA, March 15.—The Mangrove, with the Court of Inquiry on board, sailed to-night for Key West. Captain Sampson, president of the board, assured the Associated Press correspondent that the decision to leave Havana was not reached until this afternoon, after a consultation of the members. It was decided that, while further testimony might be obtained here, this was not sufficiently likely to justify a longer stay. The Court can return if the divers or wreckers make discoveries that add to the stock of knowledge now gathered. The plans of the submerged wreck, in the preparation of which Ensign Powelson has had a large share, are very elaborate, and Captain Sampson says the testimony and records of the divers are very full.

Captain Sampson hopes the court will be allowed to resume its sittings on the battleship Iowa, now near Key West with the flagship New York. The greater part of the investigation that remains will consist, unless the court returns here, of a careful study of the plans. It is not thought that it will be necessary to again summon the survivors of the Maine, officers or men.

The court has no prophecy to make as to the further duration of its sittings or as to when and where the findings will be promulgated. Capt. Sigsbee will probably remain here with Lieutenant Commander Wainwright to superintend the wrecking on behalf of the government. Chaplain Chidwick is expected to remain to care for any bodies that may be recovered. At least no orders had been received to the contrary when this dispatch was sent.

The court called upon Consul General Lee this afternoon to bid him farewell, and subsequently Captain Sigsbee said adieu to the court.

PEACE TALK FROM MADRID.

Negotiations for the Commercial Treaty Paving the Way for an Understanding with the Cuban Insurgents.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, March 15.—It is asserted in well informed circles that the negotiations in New York as to the commercial treaty are paving the way for an understanding between the Cuban government and the insurgents on grounds to be submitted for approval to the home government.

The aspect of affairs has undergone an important change and there is a strong feeling in favor of peace between the United States and Spain.

LONDON, March 16.—The *Standard* reviewing editorially all aspects of the Cuban affair this morning, says: "It will be a genuine triumph of statesmanship if President McKinley, who has hitherto shown conspicuous caution and judgment, can succeed in avoiding war."

ROME, March 16.—The semi-official *Italia* denies that Spain has sought to procure the support of any power in a conflict with the United States.

LONDON, March 16.—The Madrid correspondent of the *Daily Mail* reports an interview with Admiral Bermejo, minister of marine, in the course of which the minister said:

"The exigencies of the times demand that the Government pursue a policy of silence, and we should not be doing our duty if we imitated the Americans in publishing information as fast as received only to deny it the following day."

Admiral Bermejo declined to affirm or deny that the Spanish government had purchased the Chilian cruiser O'Higgins.

TROOPS MOVING SOUTH.

Three Batteries From Fort Riley, Kans., Will Start at Noon To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, March 15.—Col. J. C. G. Lee, Quartermaster of the Department of the Missouri, this afternoon made the awards for the transportation of the three batteries from Fort Riley, Kansas. The batteries are prepared for the movement and the railroad companies are under contract to make the start from Fort Riley at noon tomorrow. The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad will transport the one to Fort Monroe. The Kansas, Fort Scott & Missouri railroad will transport the battery destined for Fort Jackson, New Orleans. The same road will transport the third battery to Savannah. The three contracts aggregate $6,000. Each battery will require two Pullman, two ordinary coaches, three flat cars, four stock cars and six baggage cars.

March, April, May.

For Blood and Nerves in Spring.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

WARM WIRELETS.

The gunboat Machias sailed yesterday from Norfolk for the Boston yard, where she will receive such repairs as she needs.

The Populist State convention of Georgia meets in Atlanta to-day. It is quite likely that Hon. Tom Watson will be nominated for Governor.

The American yacht Anita, having on board the body of Mrs. Thurston, wife of Senator Thurston, and the members of the Congressional party who have been visiting Cuba, arrived at Key West yesterday afternoon from Matanzas.

Rev. Gilbert F. Williams, formerly pastor of Christ Episcopal church, Washington, D. C., has been found guilty by an eclesiastical court of conduct unbecoming a clergyman and of immorality, and is deposed from the ministry by Bishop Satterlee.

Twelve miles north of Quitman, Ga., Monday, an unknown party slipped up to the window of the house of Henry Raines, a prominent negro, and shot him and his two-year old baby to death. Eleven buckshot entered Raines' head, four lodged in the baby and twelve in the wall.

TATTOOING.

Criminals, Surprising to Relate, Seem to Have a Weakness For It.

"It is a curious fact, to which criminologists have not paid much attention, that a large proportion of instinctive criminals have tattoo marks put upon their persons," said Dr. George S. Williams, physician of the Missouri penitentiary. "It is a paradox that this fancy should be a part of the criminal mind, for a tattoo marks the subject for life. It would seem more natural for the criminal to avoid all such marks in order to the better conceal his identity from the sleuths of the law. The operation of tattooing is quite painful, but even this is not a deterrent. Criminals, by the way, seem able to stand more pain than persons of honest instincts and habits. The desire to be tattooed, however, is the strangest and most incomprehensible freak of the criminal intellect. It cannot be accounted for on any other hypothesis than that there is an unyielding and invariable compensating law of nature which operates in the interest of orderly conduct and behavior. But for the tattoo marks with which many hardened and incorrigible wretches decorate their skin many a criminal who is now confined behind strong prison walls where he can do the world the least amount of harm would be at liberty today, preying on society.

"The custom of tattooing is as popular among the female criminals as among the males, though women rarely have the mark put in as conspicuous places as the men. There is an interesting field of study here for the student of criminology. Lombroso has merely called attention to the fact of which I speak without attempting to explain the causes that lead to it, but he is the only specialist of note that seems to have given the matter any notice. It more frequently happens than otherwise that criminals who submit to the tattooing operation choose a design suggestive of the lewd and libidinous, and in this is contained the positive hint of a diseased condition of mind which probably explains the real cause of the foolish and unbusinesslike custom. The habit seems to be so universal among instinctive criminals that I am inclined to believe there must be some one or more institutions in the country where they get the work done. Few of them here will give the slightest hint of when or where they had the work done, which leads to the supposition that it is one of the numerous secrets of the craft."—St. Louis Republic.

"Disperge!"

Shakespeare, who rendered eloquent tribute to the native authority of kings, lords and military commanders, seldom shows a like respect in his treatment of civic dignitaries. Justice Shallow and Dogberry, for instance, are so deliciously absurd that their sayings have often been criticised as too good to be true. Perhaps, but they can occasionally be pretty closely paralleled.

There is something quite in the Shakespearean manner in the simplicity of a former magistrate of Newburyport, in the old day of cues and ruffled shirt bosoms. A case was being tried before him in which the accused, who stoutly denied the charge, was asserted to have stolen from a gentleman a new set of shirts.

"A pretty story that I should take his shirts!" exclaimed the irate culprit. But when he was searched a moment later it was revealed that he was at the moment arrayed in the whole six, one over the other. The good justice was shocked.

"What a villain!" he exclaimed. Then he added reproachfully: "Why didn't you tell me you were a villain? Why didn't you save the time of the court, the spectators and the witnesses by owning up you were a villain in the first place?"

A few years later a constable of the same town made a remark worthy of Dogberry himself. A knot of little boys had been hanging about the entrance to the town hall before a public meeting. As the officer came in sight all ran away but one, and to this lone youngster he addressed his orders in a tone of mingled dignity and wrath.

"Disperge," he commanded, "disperge, I say! We can't have no burlash here."

The awed youth did not disperse, but he moved on.—Youth's Companion.

Stone steps may be kept free from greenness by adding a small quantity of chloride of lime to a pail of water.

SYRUP OF FIGS
ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
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LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.
feb 1 1y su we fr

Magistrate D. Perry Davis was shot and killed by James Jackson at Windsor, S.C., as he got off the train returning from Aiken. It is known that bad feeling existed between the two men, the result of a difficulty about two weeks ago.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SAVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BEELAMY. †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, fo 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

All Good Hibernians and friends of Hibernians will be supplied with Shamrock on St. Patrick's Day at our Store, 110 and 112 Market street. B. F. Penny & Co. mar 15 2t

Hot Lunch Free every day from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. and Saturday night. Roast Beef, Sour Kraut, Frankfurter and other delicacies at the Globe Saloon, 22 Market street. mar 5 1m

At N. Paul's!—At. N. Paul's fine nice yellow Bananas. Can't be nicer. Also Oranges, Apples and choice Candies. All at rock bottom prices. mar 12 tf

Practical Painter with abundant experience desires work. Can give perfect satisfaction. Call on or address Antone Swain, 202 Harnett street. mar 9 6t*

Boiler and Engine for sale. Suitable for Grist Mill, cheap. Walter Taft. mar 8 7t

There Are Others in the same business, but there are no others who make the finest of Photographs at our prices. Cabinets $2.00 and Diamond size at $1.00 per dozen, at the New Studio. Freeman B. Ellis, 116 Market street. mar 5 tf

M. C. Benson, Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street, has eight years experience in the produce business. Best prices and prompt returns guaranteed. feb 27 tf

One Man in Each Town wanted to handle Arper's Automatic Oil Can. The most complete can made. No possibility of spilling the oil. A lamp can be filled from it in pitch darkness with perfect safety. Wilmington people buy direct from us. S. L. Smith & Son, Manufacturers, Wilmington, N. C. feb 25 tf

Your Country Produce—Ship your country produce to L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street, for good prices and prompt returns. Chickens, Eggs, Peas, etc., for the city trade. feb 24 tf

Housekeepers Take Notice that N. C. Hams, Turkeys, Chickens and Eggs can be had at very low prices of H. J. Bierman, Wholesale and Retail Commission Merchant, 105 South Front street. feb 12 tf

Ladies Wanted to travel and appoint agents for old established house. Permanent position; $40 per month and all expenses. Z., Box 82, Philadelphia, Pa. de 18 D&W 9t

Fresh Ground Graham Flour, Big Hominy, N. C. Head Rice, Choice Hay, and all kinds of Feed; lowest prices. Jno. S. McEachern. Bell Phone 92, Inter-State Phone No. 92. de 9 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

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250 Barrels 1-2 Bags Flour.
275 Barrels 1-4 Bags Flour.
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50 Barrels Best Patent Flour.

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